BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE
Real Estate Brokers.

The Daily Colonist.

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE.
Real Estate Brokers.

VOL. LXIV--NO. 146. VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1890. THIRTY-SECOND YEAR

D. R. HARRIS. N. P. SNOWDEN.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance (Fire, Life and Marine) Agents, Notaries Public and Surveyors.

Town Property and Farming Lands

FOR SALE OR ON LEASE.

MONEY TO LOAN

In Large or small amounts at lowest current rates of interest. Estates Managed and Rents Collected.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND and INVESTMENT AGENCY, L'd

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet Street, LONDON, ENGLAND.

DIRECTORS IN LONDON: T. D. GALPIN, T. ALLSOP, W. WALTER.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.
MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.
Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.
Time deposits in large or small amounts received at interest.

LOCAL DIRECTORS: HENRY S. MASON, C. A. HOLLAND

Victoria, B. C., May 16th, 1887. e24-tf-dw

SEA VIEW!

Extension "C" of the Work Estate.

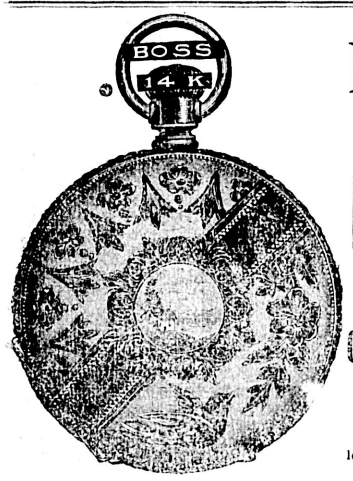
This beautifully situated property on Hillside Avenue has now been surveyed into Town Lots (with 60 ft. streets intervening) and is now for sale.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,

BASTION STREET.

june1



GIVE

DAVIDSON BROS.

THE JEWELLERS, 55 YATES STREET,

a call, and see their select stock of

DIAMONDS

Jewelry, Silverware,

OXIDIZED PLUSH GOODS

Silver Novelties, &c.

Everything of the latest designs and at the lowest prices. se30-t

JEWELRY! DIAMONDS!

AND WATCHES!

—SUITABLE FOR—

Christmas and New Year's Presents

In greater variety than ever before at the old established house of

C. E. REDFERN,

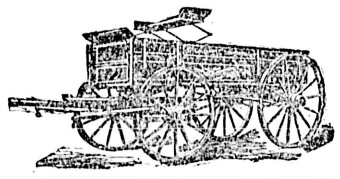
43 GOVERNMENT ST.

Gold Stem-winding Watches in solid 18kt. and 14kt. cases.
Ladies' Gold Watches—new styles, elegantly set with precious stones.
Solid Gold and Silver Jewelry—beautiful designs and new patterns.
Diamond Brooches, Ear-rings and Bracelets—both in plain and in elaborate settings.
An extra fine stock of Diamond, Opal, Ruby, Sapphire and Emerald Rings.
Gold and Silver-headed Presentation Canes. Opera Glasses in Pearl, Shell and Ivory.
Expected daily—a few very fine English lever stem-winding Watches in heavy 18kt. cases.
A large stock of Unset Precious Stones of all kinds, which are kept to be made up for special orders.

C. E. REDFERN, - - 43 GOVERNMENT ST.

ESTABLISHED 1862. no23-1m

E. G. PRIOR & CO.



WAGONS

With Tires from 1½ to 4 inches Wide.

COR. JOHNSON AND GOVERNMENT STS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE LOAN OF $250 is required by advertiser for two weeks. Will give $50 bonus; have securities ample to cover all risk. None but principals dealt with. Address Citizen, Colonist office. no30-2t

NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF DAVIE & BODWELL HAS been dissolved, Mr. Davie retiring from the concern.
Mr. Bodwell has associated himself with Mr. P. Æ. Irving, formerly of the Attorney-General's Office, and the practice will henceforth be carried on at the premises formerly occupied by Davie & Bodwell, under the name of Bodwell & Irving, who will liquidate all obligations of the old firm, to whom all debts due to the same are to be paid, and who will conduct all pending litigation entrusted to the former concern.
Mr. Davie will carry on the practice of a Barrister separately.
THEODORE DAVIE.
ERNEST V. BODWELL.
P. Æ. IRVING.
29th November, 1890. no30-1m

THE LADIES OF ST. JOHN'S

ANNOUNCE FOR

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

DECEMBER 11, 12 AND 13,

THE GRANDEST

BAZAAR

Ever Held in Victoria

—AT—

PHILHARMONIC HALL

FREE ADMISSION DURING THE AFTERNOON.

Genuine Old English Luncheon

from 12 until 2 p.m. each day, 25c. Something to suit every taste and every pocket-book, upon the plain and fancy work tables.

ON THE OPENING EVENING AN

ENTERTAINMENT

will be given under the direction of Mrs. I. W. Powell, including the justly popular operetta, "High Life," by ladies and gentlemen amateurs.

FRIDAY EVENING,

under the supervision of Mr. Fred. Adderley, the time-honored farce,

'BOX AND COX'

also a scene from Serjeant Buzz Fuzz, Bardwell v. Pickwick.

A First-class String Orchestra

has been engaged for the occasion.

PROCEEDS FOR THE NEW ORGAN FUND.

no30-td

A SOCIAL DANCE

—AT—

ODDFELLOW'S HALL!

will be held by the I. O. O. F. Orchestra on the evening of

DECEMBER 5TH, 1890.

Tickets $1 00, which can be had from Oddfellows and from members of the Orchestra.

no29-td

Estate of James John Daley.

ASSIGNMENT FOR THE BENEFIT OF CREDITORS.

TAKE NOTICE that by indenture dated and executed on the 29th day of November, 1890, by James John Daley, carrying on business as a stationer and toy dealer, at 91 Douglas street, in the city of Victoria, the said James John Daley granted and assigned his real and personal property to Marshall Wildor Waitt, of No. 77 Government street, in the city of Victoria, bookseller and stationer, in trust, for the creditors of the said James John Daley.
Marshall Wildor Waitt executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created, on the 29th day of November, 1890.
A meeting of creditors will be held on Wednesday the 3rd day of December, 1890, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the undersigned.
Dated 29th day of November, 1890.
S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley St., Victoria,
no30 Solicitor for the Trustee.

VICTORIA THEATRE

Under the patronage of Lieutenant-Governor Nelson,

FRIDAY, DEC. 5th,

A. MINOR GRISWOLD,

Editor Texas Siftings, Humorous Lecturer.

Tickets 75c.; Gallery 50c. Reserved seats 25c. extra. Box sheet open at Lombard & Co.'s, 71 Government street, Dec. 1st. no30-td

TO LET—a comfortably furnished room in a private family; suitable for one or two gentlemen; one of the best locations in the city. Address P. O. box 131. no29-3t

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO.

DESPATCH A STEAMER EVERY FIVE days for San Francisco, carrying Her Majesty's mails, from Outer Wharf at 11 a.m.

Walla Walla, - 30th November

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

mar26

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

IF YOU WANT Artificial Teeth to give you entire satisfaction you must inspect sample set of improved made by DR. HARTMAN, jly15-12m 61 Government Street.

'Xmas cards, 'Xmas boxes and 'Xmas novelties of all kinds arriving every day at the Central Book Store, 45 Government street. *

Webster's New International Dictionary, for sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

JOHN DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER

Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Mr. G Doughty, cor. Blanchard and Fort streets, Fell & Co.'s, Fort street, or Cochrane & Munn's, Yates and Douglas sts. will be promptly attended to. Wood and Coal for sale. *ap26-1y

Fine assortment of toys, just imported from Europe, at 91 Douglas street.

GLADSTONE'S REJOINDER.

Parnell's Friends Protest Against it as a Breach of Faith With Home Rulers.

His Continued Leadership Essential to the Existence and Success of His Party.

What will the End be?—Pertinent Deliverances by the London Press—Waiting Monday's Meeting.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Hon. W. E. Gladstone's reply to the strictures on him, comprised in Parnell's manifesto to the Irish people, has just been made public. In it Mr. Gladstone says that Parnell should not apply a single epithet to him, he not being that gentleman's judge. He thinks it was conclusively demonstrated in connection with the matter of the Pigott confession that he was not disposed to be a party to any injustice towards the Irish leader. Referring to Parnell's recital of the events alleged to have transpired at Hawarden in Nov., 1889, Mr. Gladstone denies that the four points mentioned by Parnell were offered as formal proposals to the leader of the Irish party. These points, as stated by Parnell in his manifesto, were — first, the recognition of the Irish members in the Imperial Parliament; second, the settlement of the land or agrarian difficulties in Ireland, third, the control of the Irish constabulary, fourth, the appointment of the judiciary, including judges of the Supreme Court; County Court judges and resident magistrates. "Not a single suggestion whatsoever, was," says Mr. Gladstone, "offered by him either formally or informally." What he (Mr. Gladstone) had done at the conference in question, was to make a statement without prejudices, of these points, other than those by such of his colleagues as he had been able to consult, were inclined to believe the Home Rule scheme of 1888 could be improved and strengthened. "To none of those suggestions," says Mr. Gladstone, "did Parnell raise any serious objections. Mr. Gladstone then explicitly denied that he made any such statement as to the policy of the Liberal party with regard to home rule in the event of the general elections favoring the Liberals, as is attributed to him by Parnell; nor was anything substantially resembling such a statement made either as it regards the retention of the Irish members in the Imperial parliament, the settlement of the land or agrarian difficulties, the control of the constabulary or the appointment of the judiciary. Mr. Gladstone then declares that the convention at Hawarden was mutually understood to be absolutely of a confidential nature, and this publication by Parnell, even if true, of a recital of what had taken place at that conference constituted a violation of confidence. Every suggestion which had been made by him at the time, Mr. Gladstone states, was made from written memoranda, which were available for the purposes of corroboration. Neither party to this conference was bound to the absolute acceptance of any proposal there suggested. It was also true that Parnell had never intimated that his ideas had undergone any alteration concerning the matter discussed at the Hawarden meeting. Mr. Gladstone, referring to his position with regard to the autonomy of the national party of Ireland, says he has always understandingly maintained that that party ought to be entirely independent of the Irish Liberals. For him to prepare any measures connected with the interests of the country except such as Ireland could approve of on the lines already laid down would be an act of fatuity as regards himself, and one of treachery to the Irish people, in whom, even the side of Parnell, he claims to take an interest.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Michael Davitt, being interviewed regarding the political crisis, said that the Parnell manifesto is the last desperate move. I do not see how Parnell could have struck Ireland a worse blow. He is furious against a majority of his party, and in his anger against them and Mr. Gladstone his letter runs amuck. According to him a number of the members of his own party are false, and Mr. Gladstone and the English Liberals are wire-pullers, and are scheming against him.

The manifesto of Parnell is regarded by the politicians of all parties as ending the Irish home rule question for the present. That is a feature of conversation of the most prominent kind in the public mind, the question of whether or not Parnell shall retain the leadership being secondary. John O'Connor, one of Parnell's advisers in the Irish party, stated to-day that his chief had received dispatches and letters from all parts of Ireland, urging him to hold his post and resist the English Liberals. This rupture, says O'Connor, has brought out in striking relief the loyalty of the Irish people to Parnell. In him they see the man who has led them within sight of the promised land, and whom Ireland's enemies, of the past and present, are most anxious to destroy. The Irish people are not prepared to desert Parnell for a new and untried leader, and they will not do so. Those who now turn upon Parnell are not hurting Ireland so much as they hurt themselves. They will be left high and dry by the popular tide, and Charles Stewart Parnell will continue, as he has been, in defeat or victory, the leader of the Irish people.

Mr. Redmond is equally outspoken for Parnell. He says: "The English Liberals seem to think that the Irish party is a mere spoke in their wheel. I would have them to understand that the Irish party in Parliament, whether it numbers 30 or 85, will stand alone and can stand alone. It is not the tool of either the Tories or the Liberals, but is demanding the rights of Ireland from both. We respect Mr. Gladstone, but Mr. Gladstone cannot dictate to Parnell, when he has tried to win justice for Ireland. We have stood by him, but when he interferes with the right of the Irish party to manage their own business we are against him, and remember that whatever the majority of the Irish members may do the Irish people have the decision in their own hands, and will uphold Parnell.

P. J. Power and Richard Power are equally emphatic, and altogether Parnell is secure in the loyalty of from 25 to 30 of the Irish members.

Mr. Nolan, speaking of the Irish delegates in America, said he could not believe for a moment that Mr. Gill at least would be disloyal to Parnell, who had made him what he was. It was more and more evident that the controversy is getting to be personal, with personal attachment or lukewarmness towards Parnell as the test of adhesion to one or the other side.

The opponents of Parnell are much disappointed at the attitude of the Irish prelates, who, they had expected, would promptly denounce Parnell's leadership and advise their flocks against it. This they refuse to do, reserving their judgment for the present. If repudiated by the majority of his party, on Monday, Parnell may, and probably will, appeal to the Irish people by offering himself for re-election from Cork. The voting lists in Cork have been revised so as to diminish considerably the home rule vote. This, however, would probably not affect the result, unless a third candidate should be run by the opponents of Parnell in the Irish party. At the last election Parnell and Healy went in unopposed from Cork, but Healy is now in the ranks of those who are antagonistic to Parnell. The revolt against Parnell now includes, beyond doubt, the majority of the Irish members. This is all the more significant, in view of the dictatorship which he has exercised over them. No leader would be followed more submissively, and, while always courteous, he has been absolute. Parnell has selected every man of his party, and he has been extremely cautious, in selecting them, so as not to elevate any one in such a way as to imperil his own absolutism. Hence the dilemma in which the party finds itself. If they denounce Parnell, there is no one to take his place. He has been the trusted associate of the English leaders, received in their councils, and welcomed in their libraries. Excepting Justin McCarthy there is no one besides Parnell in the Irish parliamentary party to whom the higher class of Englishmen look with marked regard. Mr. McCarthy's prestige rests wholly on his literary work and through his literary repute he has gained a social position, but he is not the acknowledged political leader and has not the faculty for organization and dictatorship which the Irish cause requires at present. Such is the view expressed to-day by one of the influential men in the English Liberal ranks.

As a parliamentarian, Parnell is unrivalled. The question, therefore, as to who could take his place is almost quite as important as that of his deposition. Judging from the tone of Irish sentiment as expressed in the Dublin papers, and by prominent Irishmen in London, outside of the Parliamentary mass of the Irish, they are not yet prepared to desert him and might have felt more inclined to do so had Mr. Gladstone not suggested his retirement.

The Tories and Liberal Unionists view the situation calmly. One of them, General Fraser, member for Lambeth, is reported as having remarked in his club that there had been nothing like it since Gideon's victory over the Midianites.

The leading men of all parties admit that Parnell's manifesto is a final blow to Home Rule, and that the subject may be regarded as shelved for many years to come.

It is now thought doubtful if Mr. Gladstone will appear in the House the coming week. He has aged more in appearance in the past few days than in the past two years, and his friends very much fear the strain upon him. His 81st birthday will be celebrated a month from to-day. He came from Scotland with a slight cold after delivering those masterly addresses, which commanded the admiration even of the London Times; but he soon recovered his vigor. Now he looks anxious and worn. Those who know the best say he feels worse than his appearance indicates. Mr. Gladstone, it is well known, meant that Home Rule for Ireland should be the crowning victory of his career, and that having emancipated England and Scotland he should also bind Ireland more closely to the empire by giving her the rights for which she had struggled, and now, to quote one of his adherents everything seems wrecked. The English question has stood in the way of many important reforms for England and the Liberals for that reason may not be sorry to see it effaced. The passage of the land purchase bill with which Parnell has openly avowed his sympathy seems to be certain, and this will bind all the proprietors, who may take advantage of it, to the Irish government, and may convert any of them into supporters of the union. The opponents of home rule believe, and it has been openly stated, that the object of the measure is not so much to help the Irish as to bind together the Empire.

It is believed Gladstone will now follow the inclinations natural to his years, and which he is known to have long had, to retire from politics and end his days in peace and the quiet pursuits of a country gentleman with literary taste and ability. The concensus of opinion is, that regardless of the outcome of Parnell's fight with his fellow Irish members, the Liberal party must be reconstructed with a modified platform, and this work is too formidable for a man of Gladstone's age. Gladstone's friends are somewhat surprised and, of course, much worried at the extent to which he has allowed recent developments to affect his spirits. They hope he will not retire, at present at all events, fearing that the giving up of his accustomed tasks so suddenly and unexpectedly might have an injurious effect on his health. It is evident that Parnell in his manifesto did all he could to stir up additional hatred of the Irish in England, in the hope that an outburst of ill-feeling might include Gladstone, and make it impossible for that statesman to effect an alliance with any other Irish leader who might dispute Parnell's claims to represent the Irish people. Certain it is that Parnell will stick in parliament, and have at least a strong faction of his party, and his manifesto was doubtless for the purpose of support in this capacity more than an attempt to secure a majority vote in his favor at the National meeting, on Monday next. It is difficult to say to just what extent Ireland will support him. Cork, which he represents at present in parliament, is a distinctly clerical constituency and is ready, according to good advices to throw "the Protestant libertine" overboard. It was a former hotbed of fenianism amd never really admired Parnell's methods. Many of his constituents dislike him also on personal grounds, owing to his haughtiness and unsocial manners. The Bishop of Cork is a Home Ruler, but no an advanced Nationalist, and privately repudiates Parnell. It is stated that Davitt is preparing to stump Cork against Parnell. Davitt's influence in the south is very strong, in fact, thought to exceed that of Parnell. McCarthy, Morley and James Stuart are preparing a manifesto for the edification of their constituents. Parnell is understood to be on his way to Cork. His arrival will be a surprise to the officials there, who are ignorant of his coming.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 29.—Messrs. O'Brien, Dillon, O'Connor, Harrington, Gill and Sullivan arrived at noon to-day, en route for Chicago. They stopped six minutes. Mr. O'Brien, speaking for the whole party, said they were not prepared to say anything regarding Parnell's letter.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Looking Toward Free Trade.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The Hungarians are anxious for reciprocity with Germany for this reason. While the Austrian manufacturers are opposed to any change in the tariff because they argue, that they cannot hold their own in a free field with the manufacturers of Germany, the indications are that the remonstrances of the manufacturers will be unheeded and that a commercial treaty will be framed practically establishing free trade between Germany and the Austro-Hungary empires.

Penny Wise; Pound Foolish.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The German authorities are redoubling their stringency against the admission of American pork. This, too, while there is absolute suffering from want of meat in many localities. Several arrests have been made at the Dutch frontier of persons accused of smuggling American meat by way of Holland, and instead of selling such provisions when seized for account of the imperial treasury, it is drenched with kerosine, then offered at a reduction. An aged peasant living near Paxenburg got hold of some pork that had been treated in this way and gave it to his family, all of whom were without food owing to the recent compulsion of one son, upon whose labor the family depended for support. They were all taken seriously ill and only rescued from death by prompt medical attention. In view of this and other incidents showing the hardships brought on numerous families by drafting male members to military service, the government has under consideration a measure of relief, which will give a small pension to all householders thus deprived of their bread. American trade in good commodities is to be supplanted under arrangements now being considered by virtual free trade with Hungary, whose agriculturists are looking about for a market for their surplus, and will find it as soon as the commercial arrangements between the two Emperors are completed.

WESTMINSTER NEWS NOTES.

The McLean-McKay Race — Mr. Ladner's Promised Protest not Entered.

(From Our Own Correspondent).

NEW WESTMINSTER, Nov. 29.—The McLean-McKay race has been declared off, McLean refusing to row in Vancouver harbor on account of so much floating debris. Another race has been arranged to take place on the Fraser at an early date.

The steamer sunk at the Mission ten days ago has been floated at last, and reached the city this evening.

Yesterday was the last day on which a protest could be entered against the late election in the district, and the threatened protest by Mr. Ladner was not filed.

TROUBLE IN ROYAL CIRCLES.

Queen Victoria and the Heir Apparent Have an Unpleasantness.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—A queer story is in circulation of a difference between the Queen and the Prince of Wales. It is customary for the Prince to hold levees in behalf of Her Majesty, and admission to one of these receptions is, according to the court etiquette, equivalent in all respects to presentation to the Queen. It appears that at a levee held the past season an American lady was admitted who is not exactly in good standing in the royal opinion, the Queen being apt to draw the lines somewhat rigidly. Her Majesty heard of the fact recently, probably through one of her chamber women who, by the way, all of them scions of nobility, and she was very angry. She called the Prince to task, and aristocratic gossip has it that words were not spared in chastising His Royal Highness, that the latter took it all very cooly and respectfully, and that, after leaving the maternal presence he deliberately wrote a note to the lady's husband, inviting them both to spend the evening with him. This was also carried to the Queen, and now Albert Edward and his mother are said to be on very ceremonial terms. The attentions of the prince to the lady in question, and the complaisance of the husband, are the talk of people posted on such subjects, and are viewed with regret by those who had hoped that the future King of England had settled down to be an example of domestic propriety. The Prince was present last night at an installation of his son, the Duke of Clarence, as Provincial Grand Master of the Berkshire Masons. The young duke, like his father, is thoroughly devoted to the mystic fraternity, and is very popular with the order.

No One Wanted to Kill Him.

A young man roaming on Frontstreet, who had been "a little bit off" for several days past, became impressed with the belief that some one was trying to kill him. He implored protection, and received it. It is needless to state that the supposed assassins were creations of a disordered brain.

Something New in Art.

Jos. Sommer has received a new stock of latest pictures and moulding, suitable for Christmas presents. Call in time to secure bargains, 50 Government street. *

High Time.

WHEN weakness, loss of appetite, lack of energy and other symptoms of dyspepsia appear, it is high time Burdock Blood Bitters was made use of. There is nothing else "just as good." It is B. B. B. that cures dyspepsia, so be sure you get it.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Affairs of the Oregon Improvement Company—Satisfactory Arrangements Anticipated.

Given Up for Lost With an Immense Cargo—Irregular Sale of a Stranded Sealer.

Wonderful Work by a Palo Alto Two-Year-Old—Fearful Prognostications of the Fog.

The Missing Strathern.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—The tramp steamer Strathern is given up as lost by shipping men. She left Nagasaki, for this port on Sept. 18, and should have arrived here in thirty days at the latest. She has not been heard from for 75 days. No incoming ships have sighted her. The loss will fall heavily on local insurance companies, who held nearly all the risks. The steamer's cargo consisted of sugar, consigned to this city, and valued at hundreds of thousands of dollars. She was a comparatively new steamer, having been built in 1888, near Glasgow.

Simon in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—Receiver Joseph Simon, of the Oregon Improvement Co., arrived from Portland, this morning. He was closeted all day with Manager John L. Howard, going over the affairs of the company. It is thought that things will be so far straightened out by next week, as to admit of the release of the Puebla.

Unbusiness Like.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—It is expected that Judge Hoffman, of the U. S. District court, will render a full decision on Monday in the case of the whaler Tom. Pope, which went ashore near Point Barrow some months ago. The valuable cargo was sold for a nominal sum and the owners of the vessel sue to recover the same. The investigation into the matter has been completed so far as the taking of testimony is concerned, and yesterday the court informally decided that the sale cannot stand, inasmuch as it was conducted in an unbusiness like way, having been decided upon at 4 o'clock a.m. and executed at 10 o'clock of the same morning without notifying the other vessels present at the scene and giving them a chance to bid on the catch and vessel.

Beats the World's Record.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—At the races of the Blood Horse association, this afternoon, Sinfax went a mile and a quarter in 2.07¼, the fastest time ever made by a two-year-old in the world. Sinfax was bred at Palo Alto.

Accidents Expected.

TACOMA, Nov. 29.—To-night the most dense fog ever known on the Sound prevented the steamers leaving the docks. If no marine accidents occur to-night, it will be a stroke of good fortune.

Dashed to Death.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—Henry Miller, 10 years old, fell from the sixth story of a hotel, a distance of 80 feet, to-day, and was instantly killed. He had been visiting his father, a carpenter, who was engaged on the hotel.

Attempted Suicide.

SEATTLE, Nov. 29.—A man named Michael Brennan, hailing from Boston, made two attempts at suicide to-day. Emetics were given him by physicians and it is thought he will recover. Grief at the loss of his wife, and inability to get employment to support his children are given as the cause.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Smallpox on the Train.

DENVER, Nov. 29.—There was considerable excitement here this morning upon the receipt of a telegram from Cheyenne, announcing the departure of a train for Denver containing a carload of smallpox patients. It appears that when the Union Pacific passenger express left Rawlins, Wyo., yesterday, the conductor discovered two cases on board. Shortly afterward another complained, and before night thirteen were taken sick. The car was immediately side-tracked and a special train sent to Denver, where the patients are now quarantined. Six are residents of Kansas City, one from Chicago, the others from Wyoming.

Donohue's Clever Swindle.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 29.—William Donohue, a clerk in the Boston post office, was arrested in the Springfield post office this evening, when he presented three orders for $100 each payable to Geo. B. Sweet. The arrest was made at the direction of the Boston post office authorities, and the officers have been watching him for three days. It seems that before leaving the money order department of the Boston office, last week, Donohue sent out a number of orders for money payable to fictitious persons. The officers claim that he raised $1 orders to $100, and the work is very plain on the orders. He waived identification in sending the orders, and has thus far been able to raise his money on fictitious names. He came from Worcester, Mass. When arrested he had a bottle of laudanum, a new revolver, loaded, and a box of cartridges in his clothes. The address of one of the persons indicated a woman at the bottom of the trouble, and it is thought he was meditating suicide.

Worse Than Death.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 29.—Judge Isaac Bergman attempted to suicide this morning by shooting himself through the head. He may recover, but will be blind in both eyes, they having been shot out. The new constitution of Wyoming abolishes the office of probate judge, and on the 14th inst., Judge Scott ordered Bergman to turn over to the district court the records of his office. He refused to obey the order, and was sent to jail for contempt of court. This so worried him that he attempted to take his life.

THE OCEAN TERMINUS OF THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

PORT CRESCENT.

A FEW UNDENIABLE FACTS:

The Victoria, Port Crescent and Chehalis Railway has several camps of men engaged on clearing the right of way of the first section of the line, and the whole will be completed by the 31st December, 1891. This will make Port Crescent the terminus of the strongest corporation on the American Continent. Work on the breakwater is progressing rapidly, about 150 feet being already run out, and will be completed during next year; the Harbor will then accommodate 120 ships, allowing one cable (see Minard on Harbors) to each merchant vessel in which to swing, not including twice that number which might be tied up to wharves. Port Crescent will then be possessed of the safest harbor on the Straits and as good as the best on Puget Sound. The soundings on the Company's Map are guaranteed to be correct.

More than 3,000,000 acres of the richest land in the State of Washington, lying to the West and Southwest, are directly tributary to Port Crescent.

It is confidently predicted that in ten years the population of Port Crescent will rival that of Tacoma and Seattle combined.

We strongly recommend to our friends and the public generally the advisability of securing a few lots at present prices. Lots, that to-day can be bought for hundreds, will be worth in a few months as many thousands. We have a limited number of choice lots at present on sale.

Apply LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

je13

THE MARKET QUESTION.

Views of Merchants, Aldermen and House-keepers—A Divergence of Opinion.

Yesterday, in view of the approaching vote on the Market By-law, a COLONIST representative took the sense of a number of people on the market question, the following being the results:

Mr. G. F. King, dealer in fruit and fish, said that if the municipal authorities would stop the practice of peddling, and make every one pay a license, he should have no objection to take a stand in the proposed market, in which, however, he saw no special advantage. He would uphold whatever decision the citizens and authorities arrived at. It was, he understood, impossible to tax Indians for peddling fish all over the town, but he thought the practice might, in some way, be prevented, and the Indians be obliged or induced to bring their product to the public market, were one established, there to be sold at "Dutch auction," a fee being exacted from them for the service. Let whatever be done be made general, and he should not complain; he thought that, for the quality of fish he had to offer, he could hold his own with any of his rivals.

Another gentleman did not think that there was a sufficient amount of agricultural products—animal or vegetable—which would be offered for sale, the products of white labor, to warrant the outlay that the construction of a market would involve. Even the market at Portland did not pay.

Mr. Walter Walker thought that the time had not come to inaugurate markets, which he believed would be a failure. Eventually, it was probable that markets might be deemed advisable; but it was better to wait until the city had assumed greater proportions.

U.S. Consul Myers was not prepared to give an opinion on the market question as applied to Victoria, but in many parts of the United States they had proved to be most advantageous both for the dealers and their customers, inasmuch as the people who visited them were not only able to purchase what they wanted, but the ample supplies of all kinds of things prevented the possibility of them being, as it were, compelled to take what they did not really want. Besides, in a well stocked market, customers would undoubtedly see something, which, though they did not start out to buy it, commended itself to them and they would govern their transactions accordingly.

Mr. M. Cahill, who, as everyone knows, is a typical workingman, approved the idea of a public market, though he would not force those who already occupied shops to close them and go to the markets. The thing ought to be perfectly voluntary, and he was fully convinced that it would generally commend itself both to the purchasers and the farmers, the latter of whom would not be compelled to peddle their products throughout the streets, and from house to house to secure the ready cash they need.

Mr. Ben Gordon, grocer, favored the idea of a public market or markets. He had had a great deal to do with them, and there was no place he knew of where they had not been a success. It might be that they would prove detrimental to some lines of his own business, but he believed they would be generally beneficial to the public.

Messrs. Hastie & Erskine would both like to see public markets established were it shown that they would advance the public interests. Victoria, it was to be supposed, was of sufficient size and importance to render their establishment advisable. They were customary in all well regulated towns, and were especially good from a sanitary point of view, if properly looked after and administered by a qualified officer.

Mr. J. H. Baker was strongly in favor of a public market. It was necessary that the farmers should have some definite place to go to and make their sales, while white people wanted some definite place at which they could buy what garden or other produce they wanted without being bound to the Chinamen. Moreover, this bringing of buyer and seller together at a central place was the fairest system all round, and stimulated that competition, which was not only the life of trade, but brought about the most reasonable prices.

Ald. Goodacre expressed the opinion that it was a waste of time and expense to put up a market and the proposal to approximate $100,000 for its establishment was too absurd for any reasonable person to support, particularly when he saw the failure of a public market so near as Vancouver. There, a new market had been built and closed up, and could possibly be purchased for less than half of its first cost. Moreover, the market at Portland, the Sixth Street market at San Francisco, and several others, have been shut from lack of business. Nowadays, he went on to say, it was not to be expected that people at a distance would travel in all kinds of weather, it might be for miles, with baskets on their arms, in order to buy a few vegetables, and "pack" them home. As if to add insult to injury, they would have to pay more for them than at the shops. Would, he might ask, the cry of "the production of white labor" stand a moment's investigation, for how many Chinamen were employed by white men to work their ground and raise the crops which were sold by white men as the product of white labor? Whence, he would like to know, would come the garden stuff to occupy one stall in a market? In the old country, indeed, many former public markets had been turned into tenements and rooms for the poor, the fact being that the idea of public markets was utterly behind the age and completely played out.

Ald. Harrison being spoken to observed that there could, in his mind, be no question about the market matter. In Portland a market had been built by a private individual at a cost of $110,000, but it had never been a success, and at the present time it was rented by Knapp & Burwill for the purpose of storing machinery. Portland had as a feeder the splendid Willamette valley and yet was unable to make the market pay, while as he understood it the Vancouver market had either been closed or was about to close down. Even the promoters of the enterprise here said that the butchers and grocers must be compelled to go into the market to ensure its success. This did not look very much like as if it were possible to make markets popular here. All that was wanted was to have a proper system of inspection, under which the officer should continually go round and satisfy himself as to the quality of what was offered for sale.

Mr. R. Cawston of the British Columbia Cattle Company remarked that he had not much to say on the subject; but if all the other butchers went into the markets his firm would raise no objection.

Mr. Demers, grocer, corner of Pandora and Douglas street, strongly favored the market system, as centering there everything that was required by the consumer. He had had experience of them in the city of Montreal where the markets worked admirably, ensuring an immense variety for the consumers to chose from. Experience had shown that there was nothing like them to give satisfaction for all concerned.

Several ladies and gentlemen were spoken to, but declined to allow their names to be published. They were, however, much in favor of the establishment of public markets, where it was possible, they said, for them without any difficulty to obtain almost all the necessary supplies of provisions, fruits and vegetables, the stalls being clean and properly regulated, while the clerks or inspectors would see that nothing was sold which was not in every way sound and healthful. It was said that any one who had been accustomed to buy in a big public market would not buy from people who peddled, what they wanted being obtainable in a more fresh and healthy condition, while they would save time in making their purchases instead of having to travel from store to store. Besides, with the greater competition extortionate prices would be difficult, if not impossible, and in every way the public would be better served and satisfied.

An Appropriate Hymn.

Some time ago a prominent scientist lectured in one of the leading churches of St. Paul, and, in the course of an hour's talk, undertook to show the relation between geology and the Bible. It may be that he was not as clear as was expected, it may be that the arguments of a scientist were too deep for the audience, and still again it is possible that the warm evening produced a drowsiness that drugged the senses of the hearers. At all events, the relationship sought to be established was not very sharply outlined to the audience, despite the number of degrees the speaker has had tacked to his name by institutions of learning, and, as the learned man ceased his discourse, a look of doubt as to just what was the object of the lecture was apparent on the faces of all. While thus in a state of uncertainty the pastor of the church jumped up and announced as the closing hymn: "Nobody Knows but Jesus." The look of doubt vanished as bright smiles beamed throughout the hall, and the hymn was sung with an emphasis.

Watch chains, lockets, pins, studs, and cuff buttons, at 91 Douglas street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

First : Installment

—OF—

Christmas Cards

TO HAND

—AT—

JAMIESON'S

Next Door to Post Office.

B. C. Pottery and Terra Cotta Co.
(LIMITED.)
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - $60,000
OFFICE.
61 YATES STREET (Upstairs)
WORKS.
CONSTANCE COVE ROAD.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Vitrified Sewer Pipe,
Agricultural Drain Tile,
Terra Cotta Ware,
Chimney Tiles and Tops,
Flower Pots, Etc., Etc.
Ornamental Work for Buildings
A SPECIALTY. no15

CARD OF THANKS.

THE Sisters of St. Ann tender their grateful thanks to all those who in any way patronized the bazaar lately held in aid of their orphans. They feel particularly thankful to the ladies who had the management of it, and who were so indefatigable in their efforts to bring shis charitable work to a successful issue. no25

China and Japan
FANCY GOODS.
We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of
CELEBRATED TEA,
Embroidered Silk Goods, Shawls, Screens, Etc.
—ALSO—
PORCELAIN, SATSUMA, CLOISANNE, BRONZE, IVORY, SANDALWOOD,
Hoping that you will honor us with your visit, we remain very respectfully yours,
HANG WO HING KEE,
Victoria, B. C. 31 Cormorant street.
fy 25-12mo

JUST ARRIVED!
NEW MILLINERY.
PARISIAN NOVELTIES
in Birds, Wings, Velvets and Terry Velvet Ribbons in new colors.
The very latest styles in Pattern Hats and Bonnets.
FASCINATORS, WOOLEN GOODS, Etc.
CHENILLE BONNETS
In Styles just introduced in Paris.
MRS. WHITLAW'S, Fort St.
no19-1m

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PRIVATE LESSONS.
MR. H. GOWARD, M. A., L. L. B.,
Honors and Double Prizeman, University of London,
Wishes to give private lessons in evenings, in Classics, Mathematics, etc., and generally to prepare for college, or the professions. Apply Box 236. no21-1m

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IF YOU WISH TO BECOME A GOOD Reader or Speaker you can receive instructions under the direction of
FREDERIC ADDERLY,
Professor of Elocution, Dramatic Action, and Stage Detail in every department. Gold medalist 1886, Royal Guildhall School of Music and Elocution.
For terms, address 159 Johnson street. no 11

MISS CAMPBELL
Will be pleased to receive pupils in Painting and Drawing at her Studio, No. 50 Government street, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. References from the leading academies of Philadelphia, and Washington, D.C. Hours from 10 a.m., to 12 noon, and from 3 to 5 p.m. n3-1m

MR. FRANK B. FENWICK, tenor vocalist, Organist and Choirmaster St. Andrew's Church, Vocal teacher Angela College, is prepared to receive a limited number of Pupils in Vocal, Instrumental and Musical Theory. Advanced Students prepared for University examination. Voice culture a specialty. Voices examined and classified. Highest testimonials. Terms moderate. Address: ROCCABELLA, VICTORIA. Reasonable Terms for Concerts. se24

A LADY artist from England, certificated, and exhibitor in Yorkshire "Annual," teaches drawing, painting and music. Terms, 50 cts. per hour. Apply 202 Fort street. no9-1m

—THE—
VICTORIA COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.
103 GOVERNMENT STREET
Has been opened for the winter session, and
Pupils can be Received at any Date.
The Fees being Charged from the Day of Admission.

The Rev. J. Burnham-Pegg having just completed the purchase of a lease for some years of the premises, has removed there, and will be pleased to meet intending students or friends at their homes, or his present residence at any moment.

Mr. B.-Pegg begs students to examine personally the following Diplomas, and Certificates secured by him.

Diploma of Fellowship of the Society of Science, Literature, and Arts of London (England), 1890.

Diplomas—Honors in Greek, and First Class Latin, 1877.

Certificate for proficiency in French, from L. Stievenard, M. A., 1877.

Diploma for Technological science, city and guilds of London Institute, Gresham College by Sir Philip Magnus, 1881.

Certificate of the Highest class for practical work under Prof. Judd, in Mineralogy, Geology, etc., in School of Mines, London, 1881.

Certificate of the Highest Class for practical work under Professor Guthrie, in Electricity, in School of Mines, 1879.

Certificate in practical work in Inorganic Chemistry, under Professor Hodgkinson, in the School of Mines, 1882.

Three advanced Certificates from Science and Arts' Department, S. Kensington, in Theoretical Sciences.

Freemason's, Master's Certificate, 1870.

Mr. Pegg studied Hebrew under Dr. Blancke in 1867, and has taught Hebrew, Spanish and German or years.

Commercial Correspondence, Accounts, Book-keeping and Pitman's Shorthand, have been leading subjects in his teaching.

Students are requested to ask for proofs of the following facts: That after acting as Head Master for a year in Smythe street Academy, Wakefield, he resigned receiving a flattering testimonial and presentation. For eight years after he was Head Master in St. Charles' Grammar School, London, and on his resignation in 1883, he received the highest possible testimonial from his managers. Two years later, on resigning his appointment as Science Lecturer, and First Classical Master in St. Cuthbert's Grammar School, Newcastle, the Lord Bishop of Newcastle, Canon Ramsay, and the managers gave him their highest commendation. After this he became Principal of the New Cross High School, and of Bath House College, Twickenham. From successful students preparing for Cambridge, London, Durham, Trinity, Edinburgh Universities; the Law, Medical, Local, Army, Engineering College, and Science examinations, about 50 letters are open to inspecton.

Students can take Single Class Subjects, or the Course, and payments will be monthly.

A large number of Rooms are Furnished
FOR BOARDERS.
As a teacher Mrs. Pegg holds the certificate of the Lords of the Council on education, England; First Class Kindergarten, Singing, and Science Certificates; and for about 20 years (10 as Head Mistress) was employed in the largest schools in England.
Evening Classes in all Subjects
will be commenced at 7 p. m., on Monday, Nov. 10th.
Students can enter for Single classes, or for the course.
N. B.—Please ask for Prospectuses, and distribute them among friends. no6-1m

'Xmas cards, fancy goods in great variety at 91 Douglas street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GEO. POWELL & CO.
JUST ARRIVED, A FULL LINE OF
GURNEY'S CELEBRATED STOVES HEATING —AND— COOKING.
CHEAPSIDE,
146 Government Street, between Johnson and Cormorant Streets.

ACRE LOTS
—ON—
HILLSIDE AVENUE.
Magnificent Building Sites fronting on above, close to the new water main. Beautifully Situated, with a gradual fall to the Road.
For Sale on Easy Terms.
FLINT & WILLIAMS,
Real Estate Brokers and Insurance Agents.
NOTE THE ADDRESS:
CORNER FORT AND BROAD STREETS se18

W. E. DEVEREUX & CO.
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS.
Real Estate Brokers, 43 Government St., ROOMS 7 AND 8.
A GOOD PAYING INVESTMENT
For a man with a capital of $30,000. A few Lots in Port Angeles along the Line of proposed Water Works.

PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.
(LIMITED.)
CONTRACTORS FOR ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
ASPHALT PAVING
Roofing, Construction of Sea Walls, Coating of Iron Pipes, Reservoirs, Cellars, Steamers, Wharf Piles, Etc.
We beg to call the attention of the public to the great advantage of our ASPHALT GARDEN WALK PAVING, as being free from weeds, always clean and most durable.
JNO. COUGHLAN, MANAGER. | J. E. CRANE, SEC. AND TREA.
—OFFICE OF—
CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS, 30 Broad St.
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IS PRIME BEEF
In a Concentrated and Readily Digestible Form
A STRENGTH-GIVING FOOD.
For Invalids —AND— Convalescents. | For Children —OF— All Ages. | For All Who Desire to IMPROVE their Physical Condition
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BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET.
VAN VOLKENBURGH & BRO.,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL BUTCHERS & PACKERS,
Corner Government and Yates Streets, - VICTORIA, B. C.
no2

TENDERS.

TENDERS FOR WHARF.
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned till noon, on Saturday 29th inst., for the construction of a wharf in the Outer harbor. Plans can be seen at our office.
BRACKMAN & KER.
Victoria, B.C., Nov. 24, 1890. no25

MUNICIPAL.
Tenders for Sewer Pipes.
SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at the City Hall up to 4 o'clock p. m. on Wednesday, 14th January, 1891, for supplying the Corporation of the City of Victoria with Sewer Pipes. Specifications can be seen at the City Hall.
The lowest of any tender may not be accepted.
By Order.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
Victoria, B. C., Nov. 21, 1890. no25 tf

NOTICE.
TENDERS are called for by the undersigned for the purchase of a House and Lot at 177 Montreal street, having a frontage of 104 feet with a depth of 109 feet, triangular shape, up to noon, Dec. 5th, 1890. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Offer to be strictly cash. Address—
oc18 J. P. MATTHEWS, City.

Notice to Contractors.
TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP to 4 o'clock p. m. on the 17th of December next, at the office of the undersigned for the Construction of Sewers for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B.C.
For particulars of plans and specifications, apply at the City Hall, Victoria, on or after the 15th day of November, next ensuing.
Five per centum of the approximate amount of the work tendered for will be required to be deposited with a tender to ensure its consideration. This may be done either in Cash or by Certified Cheque on some Bank in British Columbia. All Cash or Certified Cheques to be returned to unsuccessful tenderers.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER.
C. M. C.
Victoria, B. C., Sept. 30, 1890. oct1

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for Superintendent's Residence and Barn at Experimental Farm, Agassiz, B. C.," will be received at this office until Monday, 22nd December, 1890, for the several works required in the erection of Superintendent's Residence and Barn at Experimental Farm, Agassiz, B. C.
Specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, and at the office of F. C. Gamble, C. E., Victoria, B. C., and at the office of Thos. A. Sharp, Agassiz, B. C., on and after Monday, 1st December, 1890, and tenders will not be considered unless made on form supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers.
An accepted bank cheque payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent of the amount of tender, must accompany each tender. This cheque will be forfeited if the party decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.
The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
A. GOBEIL,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 19th Nov., 1890.

MUNICIPAL.
Notice to Water Consumers.
Notice is hereby given that all parties who are three months in arrears for water rates on the 30th day of November next will have their water supply from the city water works turned off.
By order of Committee,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's office, Oct. 30, 1890. oc31

We have Just Received a Fresh Importation of
JAPANESE CURIOS
DIRECT FROM JAPAN,
And we are now able to offer to the public the finest lot of Japanese curios ever presented in Victoria.
As this is the first genuine Japanese Store established in Victoria, we would solicit the patronage of the public.
Give us a call before buying your Christmas presents and see what we have.
ROKUBAN,
no18 150 Government St., near Johnston St.

CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

The Jubilee Hospital Board Decide Upon the Extension of the Drains to the Sea.

Thorough Discussion of the Report Upon the Recently Appointed Committee on Drainage.

The president, Mr. Thomas R. Smith, occupied the chair at a special general meeting of the Jubilee Hospital board held yesterday afternoon. Messrs. W. M. Chudley, Joshua Davies, D. M. Eberts, C. E. Redfern, A. Wilson, Charles Hayward, and Drs. Renwick and Richardson were present as members of the board, while Mr. B. W. Pearse also attended.

By request of the chairman, the secretary read the minutes of the last special meeting, held on October 27, for the purpose of considering the question of further improving the drainage of the hospital, in response to a communication on that subject from the resident medical officer. Full discussion upon Dr. Richardson's letter ensued, and a sub-committee was appointed to immediately investigate the question therein dealt with.

It was, Mr. Smith explained, in opening the meeting yesterday, to receive the report of the sub-committee that this present meeting was held. Up to the time of its appointment, October 27, no complaint whatever had been received as to the drainage of the hospital. Certainly anyone going there could not detect anything wrong. When the hospital was first designed, no expense was spared in connection with the matter of drainage, which it was contemplated to have perfect. The existing method of disposing of the drainage matter was from the first intended to be only a temporary arrangement, the plan being ultimately to extend the outlet into the deep sea—at Oak Bay or some other specially suitable place upon the coast. The sub-committee referred to commenced its work as soon as appointed, did what was required of them thoroughly and well, and their report was now ready.

It was cause for regret, the president continued, that soon after the meeting of October 27th certain ill-advised communications appeared in the public press, which, he might say, could have only one object—to harrass the directors, who were doing all that was possible under the circumstances. The appearance of the letters referred to served no good purpose, but did much to impart a feeling of uneasiness to the public in connection with the hospital arrangements, and for which no good cause whatever had been shown. The statements contained a modicum of truth, and were therefore the most dangerous statements that could possibly be made. They were very greatly exaggerated, and no such condition of things as pointed out ever existed at the hospital. What faults there were in the drainage of the institution were due mainly to defective workmanship, and could not possibly have been detected until the drains were in daily use. The report, which would be read, would necessitate the consideration of the question of at once taking the hospital drainage into the sea; this would be expensive no doubt, but it would ultimately have to be done.

The sub-committee's report was as follows:—

To the Board of Directors of the Jubilee Hospital, Victoria, B. C.

GENTLEMEN:—Your committee appointed to inspect the present hospital drainage and suggest some remedy for its existing inefficiency beg to report as follows:

The chief difficulty at the Jubilee Hospital is the disposal of its sewage, and the present impossibility under existing arrangements of preventing effete matters from becoming an element of danger to its inmates and the neighborhood generally. The drainage receptacle is small, with a rock bottom, cemented, and situated in the lower portion of the grounds with no proper or safe means of disposing of the comparatively large daily overflow therefrom. This continuous ooze spreads over a considerable surface of the surrounding ground, and will unless directly checked, increase and become a much greater source of evil in the near future. To change such an untoward condition radically, it is necessary and the undersigned beg to say: (1) THAT THE HOSPITAL DRAINAGE SHOULD BE ENTIRELY TAKEN FROM THE LOCALITY, AND FINALLY DISPOSED OF ELSEWHERE. Connection with the proposed city sewerage involves uncertain and dangerous delays, and we are of opinion that THE DRAINAGE SHOULD AT ONCE BE TAKEN TO THE SEA.

The distance thereto is, if anything, shorter than to Cook street, the outlet which would be taken by the city system, and, so far as we can at present observe, there are no apparent obstacles in the way.

Pending the construction of such an outlet, which would ensure a much needed and proper sanitary condition, we have improved existing arrangements by changing and disconnecting some of the drains leading into the cesspit, and thus have very much diminished the quantity of fluid and deleterious matter emptying therein. This result could be still further aided by making one or two earth closets outside of the building for the use of the inmates, (chiefly incurable), who are quite able to go about the grounds.

The excavation of another cesspit, at a higher level than the present one, is impracticable on account of contiguous rock, while, at a lower level, not only is an outlet for the overflow out of the question, but the "hard pan" found at a little depth constitutes almost as great an obstacle to absorption as the rock itself.

We have made no estimate of the cost of carrying out the chief recommendation contained in this report, as it is a question of detail for the further consideration of your honorable board. That the expense, however, is a necessary one, of vital importance, to be followed by the most satisfactory results, and greatly increase the efficiency and promote the sanitation of an otherwise admirable and creditable institution, we have not a shadow of doubt.

Respectfully submitted.

(Signed) I. W. POWELL.
JNO. C. DAVIE.
ERNEST B. C. HANINGTON.
ALEX. WILSON.
JNO. TEAGUE.

Mr. Redfern, on the report being read, said that he thought the only thing now to be done was to adopt the recommendation of the committee and make an effort to raise, if necessary, by means of a loan, sufficient funds to at once carry the drains on to the sea. He had always opposed the present method of disposing of the sewage, and would be glad to see the drains at once continued to the sea. The present arrangement had broken down—proved itself a failure. In consideration of the fact that the hospital had recently received a donation of land from the French Benevolent Society, the procuring of the necessary money to prosecute the proposed extension would not be a difficult matter. If the land referred to were sold, the proceeds would be far more than was required for the work in consideration. As the only thing to do now was to obtain the funds, he suggested that a loan be negotiated and the work proceeded with, and in the spring the land could be disposed of and the amount borrowed repaid. Surveys should be commenced at once, and the excavations could be completed during the winter. He would move in accordance with the views he had expressed.

Mr. Joshua Davies would second such a motion. When the hospital property was bought it was understood that the intention was to have the drainage carried to the sea, an arrangement which would be more satisfactory than connecting with the city sewer system. Then the hospital management would have only their own drainage matters to deal with. Of course the proposed work was costly, and the institution was in debt; but the perfection of the drainage was an absolute necessity. The hospital was a costly institution, and it was giving much more for the money than it received. He thought an increase in the terms to pay patients was even now desirable.

Mr. B. W. Pearce congratulated the board on the result of their deliberations. Before Mr. Jenns had referred to the matter, he had been on the point of taking up his pen on the same subject. He frequently passed by the hospital and found the stench unbearable. A large portion of sewerage matter found its way to the pools, where the cattle of several residents of the neighborhood, chiefly milch cows, were in the habit of watering. If these animals absorbed the germs of disease, it would be difficult to see where the evil would have an end.

The chairman thanked Mr. Pearce for not writing. He could not conceive what good would have thereby been done, but could see that some harm would certainly follow. The board had done all in their power, and none were more anxious to have the hospital arrangements perfect.

Mr. Redfern's motion that the report of the sub-committee be adopted and immediate steps taken to carry the drainage of the hospital to the sea by means of underground pipes, being read.

Mr. Braden remarked that he could say little more on the question than had been said already. The temporary drain had been so laid that no extra expense would be involved in the completion of the system to the sea as originally intended.

Mr. Wilson, in reply to the remarks made by Mr. Pearce, said that he was well aware of the stench complained of on the road, but he could assure everyone that the roof water, basin and bath water, and this alone found its way from the hospital to the spot complained of. The nuisance complained of was not due to the hospital at all. The whole trouble resulted from the clogging up of the ditch on the road, which was now repaired, and the cause of the dissatisfaction thereby removed. As to the matter of extending the drains to the sea, it would be expensive, and he was still of the opinion that the work could not be done without the floating of another loan. The work, he thought, would cost over $5,000, but on the other hand the cesspools at present in use would require constant attention, being emptied once a month, and this expense ultimately would be far more than the sum required to pay interest on the required loan.

Dr. Renwick, speaking as a professional man, thought that the cesspools and pits should be entirely away from a hospital. The drains would have to be run to the sea sooner or later, and the sooner the better. Perfect sewerage was the one thing needful to make the hospital one that would attract patients from all parts of the Pacific Coast.

Mr. Hayward certainly approved of the course suggested, but advised the postponement for a further report with details of cost etc. from the committee.

Mr. Redfern did not consider this necessary, as it meant only additional and useless delay; it was simply proposed now to adopt the principle.

Mr. Wilson and Mr. Braden followed in similar terms, and the resolution then passed unanimously.

On motion of Messrs. Chudley and Braden, Mr. Teague, architect, was notified to at once arrange for the construction of the drain to the sea, and to inform the committee at the earliest possible opportunity the exact distance to be traversed, and the names of the various property owners through whose lands the pipe will be laid.

The business of the meeting being concluded, an adjournment was taken sine die.

A Source of Joy.

DEAR SIRS,—My young sisters were attacked by croup so badly that we almost despaired and had little hope of curing them. At last we applied Haggard's Yellow Oil and to our great joy it cured them perfectly, and they now enjoy the blessing of perfect health.
ANNIE JOHNSTON, Dalhousie, N. B.

'Xmas goods and toys arriving daily at 91 Douglas street.

One hundred dozen dolls, at 91 Douglas street.

Inspect prices and stock of toys at Daley's, 91 Douglas street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that I am on hand at the corner of Yates and Broad streets and that I am selling the

CHOICEST GROCERIES
—AT—
The Lowest Prices
(All things considered) in this City

FLOUR FROM
CALIFORNIA,
OREGON,
MANITOBA
AND B. C.

BEST QUALITY OF
HAMS, BACON,
DRY SALT PORK,
LARD, FRESH AND
CREAMERY BUTTER.

CANNED MEATS,
CANNED VEGETABLES,
CANNED FRUITS,
CANNED FISH.
Oilmens' Stores Direct from Cross & Blackwell.

In fact every article usually found in a first-class Grocery Store.

No goods sold at cost!
No deception practised!
No short weights or measures!
No discount humbug!

My object is to obtain and retain the confidence of my customers.

A. J. ROWBOTHAM
TELEPHONE No. 138. P. O. Box 476
ap2-6mos-dw

REMOVAL.

Geo. Pauline, organist Christ Church Cathedral, has removed to Drayton Villa, 1st St. no1-1m

NOTICE.
Port Angeles, Wash.

The Taxes are now due on Clallam Co. property, and will become delinquent Jan. 1st., 1891, when 10 per cent. costs and interest will be added thereto.
FRANK CHAMBERS,
no22 Co. Treasurer.

LONG ESTABLISHED
—AND—
Lucrative Running Business
FOR SALE.

Water power Sawmill, Tract of Land, Mill Buildings, Houses, Wharf, complete Machinery, Store, Stock in trade, and Towing Steamer.

Full particulars, name of owner, location of property, annual profits and reasons for sale on application to

E. M. JOHNSON,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
37 Government St., Victoria.
Post Office Box 188. se27-2m d&w

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO.
Real Estate Agents,
52 LANGLEY STREET.

A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE.

11 ROOMED HOUSE, SUITABLE FOR A boarding house.

ESQUIMALT ROAD PROPERTY.

27 ACRES ON GORDON HEAD ROAD.

14 ACRES ON GORDON HEAD ROAD.

FARM OF 178 ON SOMENOS LAKE.

290 ACRES ON PENDER ISLAND.

100 ACRES ON SAANICH ROAD.

LOTS—JAMES BAY, FERNWOOD fred, Henry and Collinson Streets.

JAS. BRADY, D. L. S.,
MINING ENGINEER.
MINING MACHINERY AGENCY.
Improved and Unimproved Lands
FOR SALE IN ALL PARTS OF THE PROVINCE.
45 - GOVERNMENT STREET - 45
VICTORIA, B. C.
fe15-6mos

CLARENCE HOTEL,
VICTORIA, B. C.

After the 15th o. September, and during the winter months, Boarders will be received at the CLARENCE HOTEL on very reasonable terms. For rates either for Board, Room and Board, or Room only, please apply to
W. C. ANDERSON, Proprietor.
Including Hot and Cold Water Baths free. The hotel is heated throughout by hot water. The Hotel has also Electric Bells and Lights. se14-3mos

NOTICES.

HENRY HARLAND, INTESTATE, DECEASED.
FORTUNE & HARLAND.

ALL PERSONS having any claims against the estate of Henry Harland, late of Enderby, B. C., farmer, intestate, deceased, or against Alexander Leslie Fortune, of Enderby aforesaid, farmer, and the said deceased, in respect of their late partnership firm of Fortune & Harland, are hereby requested to send full particulars of their claims, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of January, 1891, when the undersigned will proceed to distribute the said estate of the said deceased as required by law without regard to those claims of which he has had no notice.

All persons indebted to the said estate or firm are required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated the 28th day of November, 1890.
JOHN HARLAND,
Enderby, B. C.,
no28-1m Administrator of the said Estate.

British Columbia Milling and Mining Co., Limited.
ASSESSMENT NO. 22.

NOTICE is hereby given that an assessment of two cents per share has been levied upon the members of the above named Company, payable at the Company's office, No. 48 Langley street, Victoria, B. C., on or before the 15th day of December, 1890, from and after which day all certificates and shares, on which the said call shall then remain unpaid and unsatisfied, shall be deemed delinquent, subject to interest and costs, and will be dealt with according to law.

Victoria, 28th November, 1890.
By order of the Board.
oc29 GEO. A. SARGISON, Secretary.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors Re G. C. Sauer & Co., in Liquidation.

ALL persons having claims or demands against the above estate are hereby directed to send their claims duly authenticated to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of December, 1890. All claims not sent in as above directed will be barred, and the undersigned will proceed to distribute the said estate as required by law without regard to those claims of which he has had no notice. All persons indebted to said estate are require to make immediate payments.

Dated this 31st day of October, 1890.
n2 1m B. GORDON,
Receiver of the Estate of G. C. Sauer & Co.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia, in the matter of "The Quieting Titles Act" and in the matter of the Title of Alexander Jack, to subdivision No.'s 10, 11, 14, 15 and 16, of Lot No. 1726, in Victoria City.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application was made to the Honourable Mr. Justice Drake, on the 30th day of October instant, for a declaration of the title of the above mentioned Alexander Jack to the above mentioned lands, and it was thereupon declared by the said Judge that the said Alexander Jack is entitled to an estate of inheritance in fee simple of and in the above mentioned lands, subject only to the reservations contained in the 23rd section of the said Act, and to the taxes for the current year; and unless an objection is made within five weeks from the date of this advertisement a declaration of title in accordance with the above Act will be issued by the said Judge.

Notice of any objection may be given to Messrs. Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, Solicitors, Victoria, or to the undersigned.
JAMES C. PREVOST,
oc31-5wks Registrar.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after this date, Chatham street, between Chambers street and Fernwood Road, will be closed for traffic, until further notice.
By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's office, Nov. 13, 1890. no14

EDUCATION OFFICE.
VICTORIA, 24th Nov., 1890.

THE SEMI-ANNUAL EXAMINATION of candidates for entrance to a High School, will be held in the High School Building, Victoria, commencing on Tuesday, December 2nd, at 9:30 a. m.

Applicants must be punctual.
S. D. POPE,
no25 Superintendent of education.

NOTICE

THE firm of E. Tai, at Fort Yale and Forks Quesnelle, B. C. I have given my power of attorney to Wo Lee (Sing Cop), of Mouth Quesnelle, B. C., to sign and act for me, and have cancelled the authority of Ting Noon. Ting Noon is not now authorized to collect any debts due to me.
no1-1mo E. TAI.

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between William Augustus Haynes and Albert Emanuel Haynes, as bakers, and carried on at Victoria under the name of the "Arcade Bakery," has been dissolved.
ALBERT E. HAYNES.
Dated this 20th November, 1890. no21-1m

NOTICE is hereby given that I have this day sold the merchant tailoring business carried on by me at No. 55 Government street, to my late cutter, Geo. R. Jackson. All book debts will be collected by myself, and I will pay all accounts due by me to date. Thanking my customers for their generous patronage, and hoping the same will be continued to my successor.
J. C. LEASK.
Victoria, B. C., 15th Nov., 1890.

Having purchased the business heretofore carried on by Mr. J. C. Leask, I hope by first-class workmanship and close attention to orders to retain the excellent reputation of my predecessor.
GEO. R. JACKSON,
no17-6t Late cutter for J. C. Leask.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT 30 days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following described lands, situated in New Westminster district, as follows: (1.) Commencing at a post on the north shore of Horse Shoe Lake, thence north 10 chains, thence west 30 chains, thence north 100 chains, thence west 20 chains, thence south 50 chains, thence west 10 chains, thence south 150 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 30 chains to the south shore of lake, thence following the lake shore to place of commencement. (2.) Commencing at the northwest corner of lot 568, thence following the northern boundary of said lot to the south shore of said lake, thence following the lake shore to place of commencement.
Victoria Lumber & Man'f'g. Co., Ltd,
no28-1m E. J. PALMER, Manager.

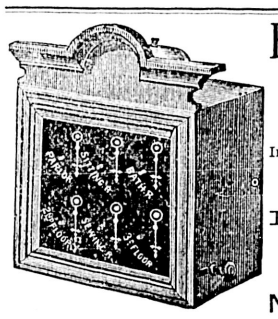
NOTICE is hereby given that I have deposited with the Minister of Public Works, the plans of three sets of mooring piles constructed by the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company, Limited, during the months of August and September, 1890, and a description of the site thereof in Victoria harbor, to form a wharf from Mr. Rithet's property; and I have also deposited a duplicate of each in the office of the Registrar of Deeds for the province of British Columbia, and I have applied to the Governor in-Council for approval thereof, in accordance with the provisions of 49 Vic., cap. 92., sec. 5 and 6.
JNO. IRVING,
Manager C. P. N. Co., Ld.
Victoria, B.C., Nov. 21st, 1890. no22-1m

NOTICE is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Honourable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of the following described tract of land situated on Cracroft Island, Coast District:

Commencing at the south-east corner of the land surveyed for Rev. A. J. Hall, thence east 80 chains, thence south to the sea shore, thence following the sea shore in a westerly direction to the place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.
VICTORIA LUMBER & M'F'G CO., (LD.)
no14 E. J. PALMER, Manager.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS'
CLOTHING.
Newest, Cheapest and Best
IN THE CITY.
PRICES LOW AND QUALITY GOOD.
No. 78, Corner Yates and Broad Streets
ARTHUR HOLMES.
mc8-6mo



Electric Bells, Annunciators,
BURGLAR ALARMS Etc.

In all Designs and Combinations Supplied and put in with Neatness and Despatch by Trained Workmen Under the Direction of
R. B. McMICKING,
Thirty-five years experience in Electric and Wire Work. All work Guaranteed. Orders taken at
NO. 10 TROUNCE AVENUE.

EXAMINE
THE CORK SOLED BOOTS
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
At Erskine's Boot and Shoe Emporium,
132 Government St., Cor. Johnson.

ANOTHER DROP IN COAL!!!
The Victoria Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard
Are offering
NEW WELLINGTON
COAL
Superior to anything received in Market for domestic purposes.
Prices, per ton $7.00 until further notice.
H. C. MACAULAY, Manager.
Office—38 Government St., 4 doors south of P. O. se18-3m Telephone 590.

Another Carload Just Arrived!
ELEGANT SIDEBOARDS
Cheap Bedroom Furniture.
HASTIE & ERSKINE, 62 Govt. Street.
N. B.---Third Door from Fort Street.
'ly16-12m

A. P. JOYCE & CO.,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
Room 6, Bank of British Columbia Building, Victoria, B.C.
au22-12m

VERNON.
THE TERMINUS OF
The Shuswap and Okanagan Railway.
Situated in the Heart of the Great Okanagan Valley.
THE RAILWAY CENTRE OF THE INTERIOR.

The Shuswap and Okanagan Railway is now under construction and will be completed and in operation to VERNON next Summer (1891).

The Okanagan and Kootenay Railway Company obtained a Charter (with land grants of 20,000 acres per mile) to construct a Railway from Vernon to Sproat's Landing, via the Goldstream Valley and Cherry Creek Mines.

Charter will be applied for at the next Session of the Local Legislature to Construct a Railway from Vernon south to the International Boundary to connect with the American Railway System.

PLANS OF THE TOWNSITE will be ready in a few days and will be placed in all Real Estate Offices.

This is a great chance to make money as VERNON being in the heart of the most extensive Agricultural District in the Province, will undoubtedly become a large flourishing City.
nov1

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY

Steamer
ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER,
Master.
On and after November 19th, 1889,
UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows,
CALLING AT WAY PORTS:
Leave Victoria for Nanaimo, Tuesdays, 7.00 a.m.
" Nanaimo " Comox, Wed'days, 7.00 "
" Comox " Nanaimo, Fridays, 7.00 "
" Nanaimo " Victoria, Saturdays, 7.00 "
For freight or passage apply on board. feb5

CANADIAN PACIFIC
NAVIGATION
COMPANY, (Limited.)
Time Table No. 13, takes effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route:
Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday at 3 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route:
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster Ladner's Land'g and Lulu Island—Sunday at 23 o'clock. Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R train No. 2, going east Monday.)
For Plumper Pass—Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island—Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria—Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass—Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route:
Steamers leave New Westminster for CHILLIWHACK and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route:
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports on the FIRST and FIFTEENTH of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route:
Steamer MAUDE leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route:
Steamer RAINBOW leaves every Tuesday at 7 a. m. for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification. Steamers leave by Standard time.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. 1y25

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

Around :: the :: World
IN EIGHTY DAYS
FOR $600.00!
Including Meals and Berths on Rail and Steamers.
The Canadian Pacific Railway's Globe Circling Tours.

Send for Pamphlets, Maps and full particulars.
A. CAMERON, Agent, Government St., Victoria.
D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Vancouver.
fe23

UNION PACIFIC THE OVERLAND ROUTE
Tickets
ON SALE
—TO—
DENVER,
Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago,
ST PAUL, ST. LOUIS,
AND ALL POINTS
East, North and South,
—AT—
UNION PACIFIC
RAILWAY.
STEAMERS.

Tacoma-Victoria Route.

Leave Tacoma	18.00 a.m.
Leave Seattle	10.00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	1.30 p.m.
Arrive Victoria	14.00 p.m.
Leave Victoria	16.00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend	10.00 a.m.
Leave Seattle	3.00 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma	15.00 p.m.

Port Townsend-Port Angeles Route.
Lv. Pt. Towns'd 2 p.m. | Lv. Pt. Angeles 5 a.m.
Ar. Pt. Angeles 6 p.m. | Ar. Pt. Towns'd 9 a.m.

Tacoma-Seattle Route.
(Daily except Sunday).
Leave Tacoma—18.00 a.m.; 10.00 a.m.; 3.00 p.m.; 5.00 p.m.; *7.45 p.m.
Leave Seattle—5.00 a.m.; 7.30 a.m.; 12.45 p.m.; 3.00 p.m.; 5.30 p.m.

Seattle-Olympia Route.
Lv. Seattle..15.00 a.m. | Lv. Olympia 12.00 p.m.
Lv. Tacoma. 8.00 a.m. | Lv. Tacoma. 5.00 p.m.
Ar. Olympia 10.30 a.m. | Ar. Seattle...16.45 p.m
—†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. *Daily.

Whatcom, Semiahmoo and Blaine Route.
Stopping at all way landings.
Steamer leaves Seattle daily except Saturday, for Whatcom at 11 p.m. Arrives at Whatcom daily, except Sunday, at 3 p.m.
Leave Whatcom for Seattle daily, except Saturday, 8 p.m. Arrive at Seattle daily, except Sunday, 2 p.m.
Steamers from Semiahmoo and Blaine leave Whatcom every Saturday at 5 p. m. Returning, leave Blaine every Sunday at 10 a.m. for Whatcom and Seattle.

RAIL LINE.
"The Overland Flyer" leaves Portland at 7.00 a. m. daily, and carries through Pullman Sleepers, Colonist sleepers, Free Chair Cars and Coaches between Portland and Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, St. Paul or Chicago.
"The Limited Fast Mail" leaves Portland at 9.00 p.m. daily, and carries Pullman Dining and Sleeping cars between Portland and Chicago.
MORRIS J. BISSELL,
General Agent.
No. 100 Government St., Victoria, oc25

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1890.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY BY

W. H. ELLIS. A. G. SARGISON. } ELLIS & CO.

THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST

Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada)..... $10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate
Per week (if delivered)..... 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per Year (Postage Free to any part of the Dominion or United States..... $ 2 00
Six Months..... 1 25
Three Months..... 75
Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING RATES:

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: Per line, Solid Nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements:—

More than one fortnight and not more than one month—50 cents.

More than one week and not more than one fortnight—40 cents.

Not more than one week—30 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisments discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if ontinued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half yearly contracts.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil:—First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $1.50.

WEEKLY ADVERTISEMENTS—Ten cents a line solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than $2.

SPECIAL NOTICES—Nonpareil, in the first column of third page, 20 cents per line each insertion, or $1.50 per line per month. If inserted among local or other reading matter, 30 cents per line each insertion, or $2 per line per month. No special notice inserted for less than $2.

THE BY-LAWS.

The rate-payers of this city will be required on Tuesday next to vote for four by-laws.

1. For the extension of corporation limits.
2. For the raising of the sum of $45,000 for the purchase of a market site.
3. For raising the sum of $55,000 for the erection of a market building.
4. To enable the corporation to raise the sum of $10,000 for the purpose of establishing a crematory.

The last of these is, in our opinion, the most important. A person unaquainted with the circumstances of the city, would be very liable to misapprehend the nature and purport of the by-law. The preamble states, "Whereas, it is expedient that a crematory be establishedand maintained in the city of Victoria".

A stranger reading this would be likely to conclude that the corporation of Victoria is in advance of the corporations of the great majority of the cities, not only of Canada, but of Great Britain and the United States. He knows that it is only people of advanced ideas—people who have freed themselves from the prejudices of their age, and their country—who favor the cremation of the dead. As it is very likely he has never seen the term "crematory" applied to anything else than a furnace constructed for the express purpose of burning the bodies of human beings, he would naturally conclude that the Corporation of Victoria, for sanitary and other reasons, had come to the conclusion that burning the bodies of the dead is the best way of disposing of them, and had asked the citizens for means to provide a furnace for that purpose. But this would be a mistake. The crematory which the City Council propose to build is for the purpose of consuming the city's garbage. It has been found that it is impossible to dispose of the offensive and health-destroying matter in any other way. Regard for the public health will not permit them to dump it in any locality in the vicinity of the city. Besides, if the City Fathers were so regardless of the health and the comfort of the people dwelling in the suburbs as to allow filth to be deposited near their dwellings, they would certainly protest and have recourse to the law to compel them to abate the nuisance.

It has been found inexpedient to throw the garbage into the sea near the city. This plan has been tried and found not to answer. The inhabitants of both the city and the country near it found that a nuisance was created that was in many ways quite intolerable, and so, as a last resort, the Corporation has been compelled to propose to get rid of the garbage by burning it. This has in other cities been found to be an effective mode of disposing of it, and we have no doubt it will be equally effective here.

It may be thought that a crematory of this kind would be very offensive to those who live near it, but if the furnaces are properly constructed very little inconvenience will be felt by persons living even in their immediate vicinity. In Montreal the people living on Papineau road, quite near the crematory, do not find it offensive. We do not recollect to have heard of a single complaint from people living in the neighborhood, and it is quite thickly settled. But the crematory will, of course, be built at a distance from dwellings so that the chance of its proving a nuisance will be the smallest possible.

Some way of disposing of the refuse of the city must be found, and it is impossible to find a better or a cheaper way than by burning it. The crematory will be required after the sewers are built. There will always be an immense quantity of rubbish which will not go through the sewers. This rubbish cannot be allowed to remain on the ground within the city's limits, or to poison the air by being dumped outside them. It must be burned, and the larger the city grows and the more carefully the health of the citizens is looked after the more there will be for the crematory to do.

There is a great deal of diversity of opinion about the necessity of building a market for the city. People whose business will be disturbed or injured by the establishment of a market will naturally be opposed to the passage of the by-law, and will find a hundred reasons to prove that it is altogether unnecessary. Then there is that very considerable class, the members of which are opposed to change. "We are well enough as we are, and a market will only be a bill of expense; it will never pay," is what they have to urge against the passage of the law. Others think that one hundred thousand dollars is a great deal to spend on an experiment, the success of which they contend is, at best, doubtful.

There is, however, quite a large number of citizens, many of whom are influential, who consider that a market is much required in Victoria. They have been used to markets in the cities from which they came, and they miss them here. They know that it is convenient to have some place to go to where they will find everything in the way of provisions that they want. They are sure that all that is produced in the different seasons is to be found there, and of the very best. They can do their marketing quickly, and have a wide range of choice. Besides, they believe that where competition is brisk there is always a chance of making a good bargain, and many housewives dearly like to think that they have got what they want as cheaply as it can be obtained.

There is this to be considered, the establishment of a market in this city is a mere question of time. All cities similarly situated have their markets, and Victoria is not going to be an exception to the general rule. A year or two more, or less, does not make much difference. Of course the longer the matter is delayed the more difficult it will be to get a site in a suitable place, and the more it will cost. Vancouver has taken time by the forelock and has its market already. Whether it has been wise or not in incurring so considerable expense so soon is a question on which people both there and here will differ. The market here cannot be said to be a very pressing want.

The extension of the city's boundaries is a wise precaution against future inconveniences and evils. It is found that villages and groups of houses, not of the best kind, just outside the city's limits, are productive of many disadvantages. Their annexation to the city is a necessity sooner or later. Victoria is growing fast, and we believe it is best both for the citizens and for the owners of property outside its present bounds that it be allowed plenty of room. We hope that this by-law will pass without any opposition from the ratepayers. We are quite satisfied that it ought to do so.

We trust that the ballots will be so made out that the voter, no matter how great a hurry he is in, will have no difficulty in voting exactly as he intends.

INDEFINITE.

The Westminster Columbian returns to the discussion of the labor question. We notice its article not because it throws any light on the subject or because it contains anything worth replying to, but because it is a sample of a very great deal that is said on the question of organized labor—a number of indefinite statements strung together, of which it is impossible to make either head or tail. It is noticeable that very many who desire to be considered advocates of the rights of organized labor, when they are asked to state plainly and straightforwardly what they want, and how they purpose to attain the ends they aim at, either make no reply at all or reply in such a way as to prove that they have no definite idea of what they are driving at. They find it inconvenient to state in cold print what their methods are, and whether it is fair and just to others to resort to them. It is the easiest thing in the world to howl at a public meeting and by clamor and threats to prevent free discussion. It is not at all difficult to cry "scab" and "blackleg" in order to coerce workers, who desire to assert their independence as free men. But it is very evident that it is by no means easy to state how far the power of labor organizations should extend, and how that power is to be exercised.

We have studied carefully all that has been said and written on the subject of late in this province, and it has been vague, indefinite, unbusinesslike and unsatisfactory.

The Columbian's article is an average specimen of what the asserters of the authority of organizations intend for argument in support of their claims, but there is really nothing whatever in it. It does not say that the organizations should have power to compel employers to recognize their authority. It does not define the powers of organizations when their authority is recognized. It does not assert that the organizations are right when they use their power to punish non-union men with starvation and all the suffering which want of employment occasions. It has not shown why refusal to join the union or rejection by the union should be regarded as a crime and punished with greater severity than the law punishes all but the most heinous offences. It has not shown that it is right for Unions to be judges in their own cause and to subject employers who will not agree to their terms to annoyance and loss. It does not try to show that one party to a business dispute has a right in justice, or in reason, to take vengeance on the other party who will not submit to his terms. When the Columbian states in plain terms what rights the unionists are ready to allow non-unionist workingmen and employees to exercise, it would then be in a position to discuss the question of organized labor, and to take exception to the position we hold.

The Columbian has, indeed, nothing to advance against our theory of perfect freedom for all, except that it is too good for this wicked world. That is the argument which has been advanced against freedom, both political and religious, from the earliest times. The advocates of freedom have been denounced as the enemies of society and as amiable enthusiasts, builders of castles in the air. But, in spite of cruel persecutions, and in spite of mockery and ridicule, freedom has grown, and the result has been a far better state of society and a great addition to the sum of human happiness. It will, we are confident, be the same with labor. When the liberty of all is recognized, antagonisms will cease and the union for which our friends are contending will become general. The day has gone by when one class, be it high or low, capital or labor, can tyrannize over the other Men will not submit to be bullied or unjustly treated. The attempts of one side to take advantage of the other will be followed by disturbances which will be injurious to both, and all will find it to be to their advantage to live in peace and concord.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

GREAT interest is still taken in Koch's consumptive cure, but there is more reserve than there was at first with respect to its curative properties. Dr. Koch has been from the first extremely guarded as to what he said respecting his discovery. But those who furnished the world with news were far less reticent. It is now said that it is not certain that the remedy will cure all cases of consumption even in the earlier stages, that it is only a certain cure for lupus. There is, however, a very great demand for the lymph by the first men in the medical profession, both of Europe and America. It does not seem to be made in very large quantities, for it is most difficult to procure even a few drops of the wonderful medicine. It is said that two or three German practitioners, who have been able to secure a supply of it, are coining money. The world will soon know all that can be known about the effect of Koch's discovery. It is greatly to be hoped that it will turn out to be as effective as it was at first believed to be. But the latest news has a tendency to moderate men's expectations with regard to its curative properties.

AT a flower show, in New York, a variety of Chrysanthemum was exhibited called the Mrs. Alpheus Hardy. It is described as being white and feathery. It was valued at $1,500. The San Francisco Chronicle remarks that the flower may be worth that large sum in New York, but that the same variety, and variations of it, even more beautiful than the original, are grown in San Francisco, "right out of doors, and that a contract to supply a wagon load of them at considerably less than $1,500 for the load would be taken with avidity." We are pretty sure that this is not an empty boast. The Pacific Coast well deserves to be called The Land of Flowers.

Health in Herbs.

HEALTH-giving herbs, barks, roots and berries are carefully combined in Burdock Blood Bitters, which regulate the secretions, purify the blood and renovate and strengthen the entire system. Price $1 a bottle, six for $5. Less than one cent a dose.

Faber's Golden Female Pills.

For Female Irregularities; nothing like them on the market. *Never fail.* Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

SURE! SAFE! CERTAIN!

Don't be humbugged. Save Time, Health and Money; take no other. Sent to any address secure by mail on receipt of price, $2.00. Address—

THE APHRO MEDICINE COMPANY,

Western Branch, Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY

COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGISTS,

Corner of Douglas and Yates streets,

tno28-dw-1yr Sole Agents for Victoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ye Daintye Ladyes Please Take Notice

HARRIET HUBBARD AYER'S

RECAMIER TOILET —PREPARATIONS—

These Preparations are famous as the ones

ENDORSED AND USED

—BY THE—

Most Beautiful Women of Every Country.

VOLUNTARY TESTIMONIALS.

From Mesdames
ADELINE PATTI NICOLINI,
BERNHARDT,
LANGTRY,
POTTER,
MODJESKA,
CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.
And thousands of others.

What the Recamier Preparations are, and Why They are Used.

RECAMIER CREAM which is first of these world famous preparations, is made from the recipe used by Julie Recamier. It is not a cosmetic, but an emolient to be applied at night just before retiring, and to be removed in the morning by bathing freely. It will remove tan and sunburn, pimples, red spots or blotches, and make your face and hands as smooth, as white and as soft as an infant's. Price, $1.50.

RECAMIER BALM is a beautifier, pure and simple. It is not a whitewash, and unlike most liquids, Recamier Balm is exceedingly beneficial, and is absolutely imperceptible except in the delicate freshness and youthfulness which it imparts to the skin. Price, $1.50.

RECAMIER LOTION will remove freckles and moth datches, is soothing and efficacious for any irritation of the cuticle, and is the most delightful of washes for removing the dust from the face after traveling, and is also invaluable to gentlemen to be used after shaving. Price, $1.50.

RECAMIER POWDER is in three shades—white, flesh and cream. It is the finest powder ever manufactured, and is delightful in the nursery, for gentlemen after shaving, and for the toilet generally. Large boxes, $1.00; small boxes, 50c.

RECAMIER SOAP is a perfectly pure article, guaranteed free from animal fat. This soap contains many of the healing ingredients used in compounding Recamier Cream and Lotion, Scented, 50 cents; unscented, 25 cents.

Read the following quotation from a certificate signed by three of the most eminent chemists in America:

"The constituents of the Recamier Cream are well known remedial agents, and their properties are fully described and authorized in the American and French Pharmacopoeias. They are combined in a way which, while novel is chemically correct, the resulting preparation being perfectly safe and beneficial for the uses specified. In the proper sense of the word, Recamier Cream is not a cosmetic, but a remedial agent for the skin."

HENRY A. MOTT, Ph D., LL.D.,
Member of the London, Paris, Berlin and American Chemical Societies.
THOS. B. STILLMAN, M. Sc., Ph. D.
Professor of Chemistry of the Stevens Institute of Technology.
PETER T. AUSTIN, Ph. D., F. C. S.,
Professor of General and Applied Chemistry, Rutgers College and New Jersey State Scientific School.

If your druggist does not keep the Recamier Preparation, refuse substitutes. Let him order for you or order yourself from either of the Canadian offices of the Recamier Manufacturing Company, 371 and 376 St. Paul Street, Montreal, and 50 Wellington street, East, Toronto.

For sale in Canada at our regular New York prices: Recamier Cream, $1.50; Recamier Balm, $1.50; Recamier Moth and Freckle Lotion, $1.50; Recamier Soap, scented, 50c.; unscented, 25c.; Recamier Powder, large boxes, $1.00; small boxes, 50c. jly13-20-27.

RAILWAY WOOD YARD

Have always on Hand a large supply of first-class

CORDWOOD.

Orders promptly attended to and FULL MEASURE GUARANTEED.

OFFICE IN RAILWAY YARD

TELEPHONE NO. 69.

W. A. BISSETT, Agent.

no13-1m

W. JONES

—OF THE—

Regent Coal and Wood Yard

Is now prepared to supply all his patrons with best

DOUBLE SCREENED COAL

—AND—

FIRST CLASS WOOD

At Reasonable Rates. Orders will receive prompt attention if left at

OFFICE, 25 CORMORANT ST.

Orat residence, 23 Frederick St. oc22-6m

FISH, FRUIT, POULTRY.

GEORGE KING,

In assuming the entire control of the Business of

KING, DYER & CO.,

54 Fort Street,

Begs to return thanks for favors conferred on the late firm, and to assure his old customers that he shall endeavor to merit a continuance of their patronage.

Everything in season always in Stock

no23

VICTORIA RICE MILLS,

STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

—MILLERS OF—

China and Japan Rice,
Rice Meal, Rice Flour,
Chit Rice, Etc., Etc.

jan7

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

New Goods To-day.

LADIES' BLACK AND COLORED

CLOTH JACKETS

Cashmere Hosiery,
Nairn's Scotch Linoleum,
Very Choice Designs.

D. SPENCER, GOVERNMENT ST.

NEW STOCK of MEN'S and BOYS'

CLOTHING, UNDERWEAR, HATS,

Hoisery, Gloves, Ties, Silk Hdkfs, Etc.

MACKINTOSH COATS AND UMBRELLAS —OF THE BEST— MAKES.

W. & J. WILSON,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr., Real Estate and Financial Broker.

CITY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY.

SOME CHOICE LOTS ON VERY EASY TERMS IN THE FOLLOWING PARTS OF THE CITY:

James Bay, Work Estate, Spring Ridge, Gorge Road, Saanich Road, Victoria East, Fernwood Estate, Regent Park

INTEREST AND RENTS COLLECTED AND RETURNS MADE PROMPTLY.

CONVEYANCING in all its branches executed expeditiously and carefully.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AT CURRENT RATES. MONEY TO LOAN AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST.

51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

mar16

T. G. RAYNER, REAL ESTATE —AND— FINANCIAL BROKER

CITY LOTS, ACRE OTS, WATER FRONT LOTS

IN VICTORIA WEST, FOWL BAY AND WEST BAY,

And a Complete List of First-Class Properties to Suit Investors. ap2

BUSINESS CARDS.

PROF. HONE'S MASSAGE, GALVANISM, Hot Air and Vapor Baths, relieves Paralysis, Rheumatism, Affections of the Liver, Sciatica, Sprains, Stiff Joints, etc. Try Hone's Electreme Liniment. Opposite the Post Office, 87 Government Street, Victoria, B.C. se18-1m

MR. KAYE WILL RECEIVE A FEW Private Pupils for Arithmetic, Mathematics, and Book-keeping, and will assist intending candidates for Teachers' Certificates. 111 Fisgard Street. se20

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,

BANKERS,

Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U.S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co. jy9-1y

Phœnix Fire Assurance Company,

OF LONDON,

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1782.

UNLIMITED LIABILITY.

LOSSES PAID, OVER SEVENTEEN MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

Claims settled with promptitude and liberality, without reference to the home office.

THOS. C. NUTTALL,

32 Government Street. oct-1y Agent.

If you want Good Cheap Lots on Easy Terms on the Burnside road, Pandora street and Fernwood estate, call at

W. H. WALBEY & CO.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

oc28tm 10 Broad St., Victoria,

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1803.

INVESTED FUNDS OVER $8,000,000.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.

Agent, H. E. CROASDAILE, 42 Fort Street.

oc29

GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.

W. H. DANBY,

Notary Public and Real Estate Agent,

57 GOVERNMENT STREET.

P.O. Box 314. jan12 Telephone 474.

THOS. B. NORGATE & CO.,

ARCHITECT,

Patent Solicitor and Mechanical Engineer,

76 YATES STREET,

fob14-tf VICTORIA, B. C.

EDWARD McCOSKRIE & Co.

Architects and Building Superintendents.

Belmont Co. Block, Yates Street.

P.O. Box 11. oct-tf VICTORIA, B.C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX.

Civil Engineers & Railway, Land & Mine Surveyors,

Plans, specifications, and estimates of structures and excavation prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located.

OFFICE: No. 6 Broughton street (up stairs), two doors above Government street. f4-6m

HOOPER & GODDARD,

ARCHITECTS.

Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. tf

For Health, Comfort and Economy

Have your doors and windows fitted with

"The Champion" Weather Strip.

It will keep out dust, draft, wind, rain and snow, stop the excruciating noise of rattling sashes and doors, preserve the carpets and furniture and diminish the fuel bill. Sold and fitted by

J. P. BURGESS,
10 Broughton Street.

ERNEST HALL, M.D., SPECIALIST—Eye, Ear, Throat and Nose. Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh; University of Trinity College. Graduate in the Eye Department, Polyclynic, Philadelphia; Moorfield Eye Hospital, and late Assistant in Central London, Eng., Throat and Ear Hospital. Rooms 11 and 12, corner Yates and Douglas streets, Victoria, B. C. Hours 10 to 5; residence 19 Belott street. Visits Vancouver 1st and 3rd Tuesday and Wednesday each month. Office over McDowells drug store, Cordova street. no16.3m

DR. LEWIS HALL,

DENTIST,

GRADUATE OF PHILA. DENTAL COLLEGE.

Special attention given to frail and diseased teeth. Gas and ether given for painless extraction of teeth.

CRAFT & NORRIS BLOCK, DOUGLAS ST.

Residence, No. 45 Second st., Work Estate.

Office hours, 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. ap21

DR. MacGILLIS,

45 and 47 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

Specialist in Skin, Kidney and Private Diseases.

no20-1m

JANION WHARF CO.

Have Room for 2,000 Tons of Freight in Bonded Fire-Proof Warehouses.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

APPLY AT

No. 28 Store St. - - - CHAS. RATTRAY

jly20-tf Manager.

CHAS. HAYWARD,

ESTABLISHED 1867.

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

52 Government St., Victoria.

oct 1y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

DR. WM. RENWICK, residence 30 Hill Side Avenue, office No. 79 Fort street. Hours 10 to 12 a. m., 7 to 8 p. m. oc25-1m

10 PER CENT.—Warrants bearing this rate; any amount; good as Government bonds. References and particulars given.

F. W. TROUNCE,

no1-1m Box 1531, Seattle, Wash.

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Ladies Sealette Jackets.

Russell McDonald & Co., opposite the Iron church, Douglas street. 3t

The New Wellington Coal

The price of this coal at the Rock Bay Coal, Wood & Lumber Co. is $7 per ton of 2,000 lbs. Offices, 90½ Government and 42 Yates street. Telephone, 556.

New Streets.

To-morrow the Hudson Bay Co. expect to finally dispose of the question of blocking out the avenues and streets of the new Macaulay Point property, soon to be placed on the market. The work will be immediately taken in hand.

Elegant Goods.

John Weiler 51 to 55 Fort Street, has just received a line of decorated bisque library and table lamps, umbrella Shades etc., which for richness of appearance and moderation in price are not to be surpassed, also 4 carloads of latest styles of furniture just received.

One Hour's Imprisonment.

Under the Speedy Trials' Act, P. F. Lange was tried yesterday for obtaining money under false pretenses. He pleaded guilty and repeated his explanation of the case given in the police court. It was accepted, and he was allowed to go after serving one hour's imprisonment.

Wonderful Little Woman.

The Washington Post of July 25, 1889, says: "Mrs. Abbott did all that was claimed for her. We can't define the power. Truly it is phenomenal, as there is positively no sort of physical or muscular force used by her. She is a great wonder." At The Victoria Monday and Tuesday nights.

Too Large a Stock.

Lange & Co.'s Eastern agents, through a mistake, sent them more goods than they ordered. Not having room to display or to store the surplus amount of goods on hand, they will sell them for almost cost for the next two weeks so as to dispose of them as quickly as possible. All jewelry to order is manufactured on the premises. 1mo

Polo Players.

In spite of the fog prevailing yesterday a good game of polo was played on the field owned by Sir Joseph Trutch, who has kindly granted the use of this ground pro tem. It is understood that the park authorities have reconsidered their decision, and are now inclined to give the polo players the right to use a portion of Beacon Hill.

Estate of J. J. Daley.

It will be seen by advertisement that Mr. James J. Daley, stationer and toy-dealer, Douglas street, has assigned his real and personal property to Mr. Marshall Wilder Waitt, of Government street, who has accepted the trust. A meeting of creditors will be held on Wednesday next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of Mr. S. Perry Mills.

For Port Angeles.

This morning, at half-past nine, the steamer Olympian is advertised to sail for Port Angeles, a city on the Sound in which many Victorians have such substantial interests. With favorable weather, the trip must be a most enjoyable one, and there will be ample opportunity when the boat lands for her passengers to take stock of the city and its surroundings, as the Olympian does not leave until half-past four p.m.

Boscowitz v. Warren.

In the Divisional Court, in the case of Boscowitz vs. Warren et. al., an appeal was made by Mr. Belyea, on behalf of defendants, from an order of the Chief Justice, settling the credits to which Warren was entitled. The points having been argued by Mr. Belyea and the Attorney-General, for the other side, the Court ruled that the appeal could not further proceed pending the trial of the issues raised on the pleadinus.

Contractors Banquetted.

An impromptu banquet to three of their number, who leave on a visit to England to-day, was given by the contractors of Victoria at the Delmonico, last evening. Mr. W. J. Smith presided, at either side being the guests of the hour—Messrs. Wills, Jeeves and Luney—and some 20 gentlemen partook of the hospitalities of Mons. Escalet. Mr. Sherbourne, of Bishop & Sherbourne, was largely responsible for the pleasure of the evening, which was without one single regrettable incident.

Better than Previous Years.

The merchants of Victoria appear to be, this year, taking more pains than ever to make their displays of Christmas novelties attractive. Last evening the windows of many of the stores presented an elegant appearance. Perhaps the most noticeable display was that in Cochrane & Munn's windows, when the rays of the incandescent electric light, artistically arranged, scintillated from delicately tinted globes over a gorgeous assortment of holiday goods. During the evening hundreds stopped to admire and comment upon the strikingly handsome display.

Legal Changes.

The dissolution of the well known firm of barristers and solicitors, Messrs. Davie & Bodwell, is announced this morning, Mr. Davie retiring so as to practice as a barrister only, Mr. Bodwell, the junior member of the firm has admitted into partnership, Mr. P. A. Irving, who for the past seven years has faithfully and efficiently dischraged the duties of Deputy Attorney-General of British Columbia. It is understood that Mr. G. G. Gwynn, an English solicitor for several years past engaged as managing clerk for Davie & Bodwell, will succeed Mr. Irving, as deputy of the Attorney-General.

Revenue Returns.

The following is the Customs revenue return for the month of November, just closed:

Duties	$74,364 96
Chinese Rev.	1,407 00
Petroleum Ins.	439 70
Fines and Seizures	120 00
Animal Ins.	57 02
Sick Mariners' Fund	37 52
Steamboat Ins.	24 32
Copyright	1 12
	$76,451 64
November, 1889	$62,610 34
Difference in favor of November, 1890	13,841 30

The imports were as follow:

Free	$ 36,339
Dutiable	198,253
Total	$234,592

CHURCH NOTICES.

Calvary Baptist Church, Herald street, Rev. M. L. Rugg, pastor—Preaching Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday morning the pastor will preach his third anniversary sermon. In the evening the subject will be, "Mysteries of Religion."

LITTLE LOCALS.

Special services will be held at the Salvation Army barracks to-day.

Xmas goods arriving daily at Cheapside.

Football, both Rugby and Association was played at the hill yesterday.

The intended production of The Mikado by local talent has been abandoned.

A fine lot of lamps at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street.

Heating stoves at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street.

Rev. Mr. Rugg continues his Sunday evening lectures, to-night at seven o'clock.

Moses Andrews, for assault, was given two months at hard labor in yesterday's police court.

See the 300 candle power and other lamps at R. A. Brown & Co's., Douglas street.

A large assortment of I. X.L. and Roger's cuttlery at 91 Douglas streeet.

Steward Fox of the steamer Olympian has been succeeded by Mr. Tompkins of the Schome.

One carload of whisky, two of flour and one of mixed merchandise came in by the Kingston last night.

Handsome glass tableware, just opened at R. A. Brown & Co's, Douglas street.

Dominoes and Masks made specially in San Francisco can be obtained at 159 Johnson street. no26-1w

At the Y.M.C.A. rooms Rev. Donald Fraser delivers an address to young men, at four o'clock this afternoon.

Rev. J. H. Starr, of Toronto, father of Rev. J. E. Starr, will preach in Pandora Street Methodist church this morning.

We call the attention of those suffering from eye, ear, nose or throat troubles, to Dr. Ernest Hall's card in another column. Cross-eyes painlessly cured. n16-6t

Razors in cases, ladies companions, a new line of pocket cutlery and shaving materials, just arrived, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

On Monday evening, Rev. Father Van Nevel, gives the annual opening address of the Y.M.I. of which he is grand lecturer.

The following passengers will leave for San Francisco to-day by the Walla Walla: A. S. Batchelor, Arthur Gray, F. G. Spain, H. Jacoby, Mrs. F. W. Wise, J. H. Innes and wife, Miss Galley, Chas. J. Hatch and wife.

Besides the free Colonist sleeping cars, the C. P. R. are now running specially fitted family apartment cars from Vancouver to Montreal and points east and south, every Saturday. Also, upholstered tourist sleeping cars to St. Paul and points south and east every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday. These cars are in charge of a competent porter. For further particulars apply to Allan Cameron, agent.

Among the passengers on board the Islander, this morning, were W. Munsie, S. T. Pope, superintendent of education, and wife, Sheriff McMillan and the prisoner Fong Ling Din, Dr. Orton, S. Tingley and Sam Woods, New Westminster.

PERSONAL.

L. Stagge of the N. Y. World is in Victoria.

A Bruns of San Francisco is staying at the Clarence.

J. H. Pashley of Nanaimo, is staying at the Oriental.

C. L. Dohler and wife of Helena, Mont., are at the Driard.

Simon Leiser contemplates an early trip to the old country.

H. Vaughns left for New York by the Union Pacific yesterday.

A. O. Beatty of Welland, Ont., has returned from California.

Mrs. J. McCurdy and daughter came over from Port Townsend last evening.

J. H. Innes of the naval yard, Esquimalt, leaves for San Francisco this morning.

George Taylor started this morning on a trip to London, going by way of the C.P.R. and Halifax.

Chris. Spencer leaves for Europe this morning via the C.P.R., New York and S. S. Teutonic.

M. E. Rounds of Oshkosk, J. R. Robertson of New York and W. H. Given of Portland are at the Driard.

F. Walsh, president of the Winnipeg Electric Light Co, who has been spending a few days in the city left for home by the Islander this morning.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

The First Chapter in the Nanaimo Tragedy Ended.

A Nanaimo special to THE COLONIST, last evening, says: S. Luperini, who shot and killed Jas. Marshall, was to-day committed for trial at the Fall Assizes, opening on Tuesday. The funeral of Marshall took place to-day, and was attended by a large number of miners as well as by the Nanaimo brass band.

IN CHAMBERS.

(Before Mr. Justice Drake.)

Chandler vs. Corporation — Defendant demurred to so much of the plaintiff's claim as claimed damages against the city. Demurrer allowed with costs. Eberts & Taylor for defendants, C. E. Pooley, Q.C., for the demurrer.

Rowland vs. Corporation — Demurrer allowed with costs on same grounds as former case.

Weir vs. Corporation—Demurrer to the whole of the statement of claims. Overruled with costs. Eberts & Taylor, for defendants, C. E. Pooley, Q.C., for demurrer.

Mutual Life Six Per Cent Consols.

LOTS FOR SALE.

The following described lots are now offered for sale, viz: Lots valued at $250 each in parcels of twenty, to be paid for in 20 instalments, each of equal amount and to include all charges.

The property is guaranteed to increase in value each year under a certain contingency until, with the payment of last instalment, the present value will be doubled.

A unique feature is that in case of the owner's death the mortgage is extinguished and payments cease.

A very valuable clause of the contract is the guarantee of the company that the property, when paid for, will produce a revenue (without spending further capital for improvements) equal to at least 6 per cent., free of taxes.

For Particulars, apply to H. F. Heisterman & Co., agents, Victoria.

Big Interest.

THE biggest interest on any investment is that obtained by buying a bottle of B. B. B. The dividends of strength, health and vigor are always realized, and there are no assessments. Burdock Blood Bitters, the great blood purifier, costs one dollar a bottle—about one cent a dose.

Tourist guides at Daley s.

The finest line of Toilet, Manicure, Shaving and Smoking Sets at T. N. Hibben & Co's.

HIGHEST CASH prices paid for ladies' and gent's cast off clothing. Address—S. Cooness, 2nd door west Broad st., on Johnson.

Canadian Pocket Diaries for 1891 for sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

Baby carriages and bird cages at Cheapside

Xmas Cards, Xmas Cards, Plush Cards, Plush Cards at Central Book and Stationery Store, 45 Government street.

RELICS OF AN EXTINCT RACE.

An Interesting Study for Victoria's Scientists and Antiquarians.

Victoria antiquarians are at present brimful of enthusiasm over the subject of graves,—the ancient sepulchres long known to exist on Macaulay Point having recently been made the subject of special investigation. Mr. James Deans has, for some time, been studying the peculiarities of this past race, as told in their method of disposing of their dead. Mr. O.C. Hastings is also very much interested in the subject, and has been fortunate enough to secure one perfect skeleton, preserved by the particularly dry ground in which it was found. Two other intelligent investigators are Mr. Cowlie and Mr. Smith.

The graves are very numerous about Macaulay Point, but they are also to be found at Cadboro Bay, while there are perhaps half a dozen on Beacon Hill itself. On digging into the little mounds a big flat stone will invariably be found covering the roughly constructed little box-grave of stones. The body in each case is found placed in the same position, doubled up, chin and knees together, and laid on the right side with the head to the south. The method of doubling up the body for burial is adopted by all the Indians of the Coast to-day, but they are never known to place their dead under the ground; they even prefer to place them in a tree top.

The skeleton now in the possession to Mr. Hastings is that of a very small human being, having some of the peculiarities of the Siwash or the Chinese. It is also argued by those who claim that the Mongolian tribes of Northern China and the Indian races of the Coast are the same family, that in the evistence of these graves is found another proof of their theory. To this day the llamas of Manchuria and Mongolia continue the custom of burying their dead in a kneeling posture, often cross-legged, after the Buddhistic style. The moment life has fled the body is made to take this position, and in this posture is committed to the earth.

It is thought that the stone graves in and about this city bear the heavy slab covering they do to protect the bodies placed therein from the wild beasts. The graves themselves are in good preservation, and in a few have been found arrow-heads, but no other implements or utensils. The race thus buried were evidently a race of dwarfs; but the skull is of better shape than that of the present generation of coast Indians. Signs of rude intrenchments or fortifications, supposed to have been thrown up by the same race, have also been discovered near this city, and a paper upon them and the supposed builders will very shortly be published.

SOLDIERS AT SUPPER.

The Annual Banquet of the Headquarter Batteries at The Colonist Hotel.

In all about 60 of the officers with the rank and file of the headquarter batteries B.C.G.A., reported themselves at the dilapidated drill shed last evening, and thence marched, as per previous arrangement to the Colonist hotel, Beacon Hill Park, for the purpose of enjoying the annual dinner.

The proprietress of the hotel, who knows well how to cater to the appetites of strong and hearty men, had prepared for her guests a spread that would have stood well for the Christmas dinner of a warrior king, which, with Col. Prior at the head of the table, the banquetters were soon doing justice to. The eatables having been quickly and surely put out of sight, the Chairman rapped for order and said that it was not his intention to inflict a speech upon the company as he and his brother officers had asked them to spend a pleasant evening, and listening to speeches was not his idea of pleasure. He had invited Col. Holmes, their respected D.A.G. to be present, but owing to his recent illness he was not able to be out so late in such weather, a circumstance much to be regretted. He also had to read a letter of regret from their worthy surgeon, Dr. Matthews, who also was not well enough to be present. He and his brother officers had taken this means of showing their appreciation of the way the non-coms and men had conducted themselves during the year. They had been a credit to any colonel and officers, and he trusted that they would go on taking an interest in their drill and show the people of Victoria that they did not belong to the B. C. G. A., merely for the pleasure of wearing a handsome uniform. He asked them one and all to use their influence with their friends in order to get them to vote for the municipal grant of $5,000 for the new drill shed. "And now," he said, "all we ask of you is to try and enjoy yourselves thoroughly for the next three hours."

Never was the word of a commander more implicitly obeyed. Drinkables and cigars being provided plentifully, campfire stories soon began to circulate, interspersed with songs by the colonel and others, piano and music by Prof. Sharpe. Recitations were also delivered and speeches made, the whole evening's entertainment being on a par with the dinner—first class.

The merry re-union came to a close at a seasonable hour, and it is safe to say, will be remembered with unmixed pleasure by all who had an opportunity of joining in the festivities of the night.

ASHORE IN THE FOG.

The Costa Rica Runs on the Rocks Shortly After Noon.

The dreary, discouraging fog, which Victorians had hoped not to see again for many a long week, returned in all its dismal dampness, yesterday. Navigation was greatly interfered with, and at 8 o'clock in the evening the second mate arrived, by row-boat, and reported to the owners, Messrs. Dunsmuir, that the steam collier Costa Rica, on her way out from San Francisco for Wellington coal, had gone ashore about eight miles below Race Rocks, at about 12:30, yesterday afternoon. Very few particulars were obtainable from the messenger, who left the steamer for assistance almost as soon as she struck. The Costa Rica was proceeding at slow speed, the weather being unusually thick, when she ran foul of the shelving rocks and knocked off her fore foot, the next moment being on the shore, which it was impossible to see even a few feet away. It is not thought the accident is a particularly serious one, and the steamer may, from her position, be able to slide off with the rising of the tide.

Immediately on getting news of the accident, the steamer Pilot was put in readiness, and started for the scene to lend assistance. It is hoped to have the unfortunate steamer here to-day.

Come one, come all,
Both great and small,
Try Hagyard's Yellow Oil,
It stops the pains
Of wounds or sprains
That rest and comfort spoil.

Men's Ready Made Suits

and overcoats, best and cheapest, Russell, McDonald & Co., Masonic Buildings, Douglas street. 3t

FOR THE ORGAN FUND.

Three Days' Fancy Fair, With Choice Entertainments Soon to be Provided.

The ladies of St. John's church have nearly completed their arrangements for the bazaar to be held on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Dec. 11, 12 and 13. A very large number of useful and fancy articles will be offered for sale. A new departure will be made on the afternoons of these days, namely, "Admission Free." In the evenings an entrance fee of 50 cents will be asked.

On Thursday evening Mrs. I. W. Powell has charge of the entertainment, and the programme will include a bright little operetta, entitled "High Life," by ladies and gentlemen amateurs. Rehearsals have been frequent and Mrs. Powell has been working hard for a good cause

Friday, Dec. 12, Mr. Adderley will play the time honored farce of "Box & Cox," assisted by E. P. Whalley and Mrs. Adderley. On each evening the Bantley band will discourse sweet music under the direction of Professor Sharpe. The entertainments alone should command good audiences and it is to be hoped that the bazaar will be a great financial success.

Surveyors

Should not leave town without providing themselves with the Oliver Cabana Electric waterproof shoe dressing, fifteen cents per tin. H. Mansell, sole agent for British Columbia. *no22-1w

To Contractors and Builders.

Before making any arrangements for lumber call and get prices from the Rock Bay Coal, Wood & Lumber Co. Yard, north end Rock Bay Bridge. Office, 42 Yates street. Telephone, 556. P. O. Box, 107.

FINAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

The Great New York Optician

Leaves for the East the Latter Part of This Coming Week.

During the past week Mr. Seward's office has been crowded daily, and at times the office has not been large enough to accommodate all who desired to enter.

Mr. Seward regrets the necessity of his leaving Victoria while there are so many anxious to see him. He will open his office an hour earlier each day during the remaining week so as to accommodate as many as possible.

A large number of letters of gratitude have been received showing the grand result of the work done here, which has never been equaled before. Mr. Seward has proved his claim to be just, namely, as an expert optician. He is second to no one in America.

Dr. McNaughton Jones, Dr. Milne, Dr. Garrow, Postmaster N. Shakespeare, Collector A. R. Milne and hundreds of others now wearing Mr. Seward's glasses speak of the work in the highest terms.

A record of the test and degree of the glasses given in each case is kept on the books for future reference, so that in case of accident, any person can have their glasses duplicated by addressing F. D. Seward, Box 3,567 New York.

Office corner Yates and Douglas streets, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; evenings 6:30 to 7:30 p.m.

A FULL LINE
—OF—
Heating Stoves
—AT—
McLENNAN & McFEELY'S,
70 YATES ST. oc9

NEW CIDER.
SAVORY & CO.
Are now making their annual supply of CIDER, and can fill orders for any quantity. Fresh made daily. Good for Mincemeat, Puddings, Apple butter, etc.
Can be obtained through most grocers.
no22-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

CAPE ULSTERS
AND OVERCOATS
—IN—
Men's, Youth's, Boys and Children's.

The Largest and Finest Assortment in the City.
Every Coat a Bargain.

W. J. JEFFREE
40 YATES STREET.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS

BOYS'
Eton Coats and Vests.

A Full Range Just Received.

37 JOHNSON STREET.

TELEPHONE CALL 563.

FOR SALE
At Holmesdale, near the thriving town of Duncans
Building Lots and Garden or Farm Lots
One-half acre to 50 acre lots to suit purchasers. Some of the most productive Land in the World. Also
160 ACRES AT COWICHAN LAKE.
Fine Location, 80 chains sandy beach, good land, southern aspect, never-failing streams. Chief fishing station.
Also Lot 7 of Suburban Lot 51 in Esquimalt District, containing three-quarter acres, water frontage. For further particulars apply to the Rev. D. Holmes. no17

MANCHESTER HOUSE,
88 YATES STREET,
JUST ARRIVED A FINE LINE OF
BLACK DRESS SILKS
Also Black and White Stripe Silk, Black Satin Merv, Broche Silks and Satins,
BLACK MORIE SILKS.
These Silks will be sold at an exceptionally low price for a few days.
Also a fine Line of Cashmere and Henrietta Cloth in Black and the leading colors.
A choice Line of Ladies' and Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs. Also Ladies' White Hem-stitched and Colored Border Handkerchiefs, in Lawn and Linen, suitable for Christmas presents.
JACKETS AND ULSTERS, A NICE LINE.
A few Sealette Jackets and Dolmans left and will be sold cheap.
BLANKETS! BLANKETS!! QUILTS! QUILTS!!
A full line of Blankets and Quilts just arrived.
NEW MILLINERY BY EXPRESS!
DRESSMAKING
Evening Dresses a specialty. Ladies having their own material can have it made up.
MANCHESTER HOUSE, - - 88 YATES ST.
THOMAS HAUGHTON.

WANTED. BY MRS. F. G. WALKER, A woman as cook and general servant for one month, from the 12th December. Wages $25. Apply to Fred. G. Walker, Chancery Lane. no28-1w

WANTED—Six first-class salemen, will pay part salary and commission. Apply at the Singer Manufacturing Co., office Bread St. no25-tf

WANTED—A Housekeeper on a small farm, close to the city. Apply Mrs. Cullum, 10 Vancouver street. no22-

WANTED—A good plain cook; also a nurse maid. Apply to Mrs. Holmes, artillery barracks, 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. no11

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

APPLICATIONS for the position of Matron and Head Nurse are requested by the Board of Directors and will be received by the undersigned, up to the 1st day of December, 1890.
Candidates are desired to state their qualifications, and enclose copies of testimonials.
H. M. YATES,
no13 Secretary.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CABINET GRAND, NEW PIANO FOR sale, with all the latest improvements, cheap. Apply at 61 Government street, up stairs. Room 1. no23-tf

HOUSE TO LET—No. 39 Cook street. Apply to Bourchier, Croft & Mallettee. no27-3t

TO RENT—Furnished rooms on Pandora street. Apply Z, Colonist office. no26-1m

TO LET — TWO LARGE SUNNY BED rooms, nicely furnished, hot and cold water baths, near Birdcage Walk, one block from street cars. Apply, S., COLONIST office. no23-1w

TO LET—Two large rooms, suitable for store-rooms or workshops, apply at the Portland stables, 90 Johnson street. no19-tf

ROOM TO RENT—A newly furnished front room in one of the pleasantest parts of the city. Suitable for a gentleman. Convenient distance from the post office. P. O. Box 137. no1tf

FOR SALE—Seven roomed House and Lot, 100x140. Fine assorted fruit trees, green house, flowers and shrubbery, price $1,250. Half cash. oc29tf J. C. DEVLIN, 76 Yates st.

FURNISHED house to let, centrally situated. Apply Monteith & Milligan, 20 Government street. oc24-

TO LET.—Two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, in large house, beautifully situated in its own grounds, off Cadboro Bay Road. Stabling if required. Apply "X," Box 236. 5-1m

FOR SALE.
FINE STRONG PONY,
Suitable for riding or driving; height 14.2. To be had cheap. Apply
FASHION STABLES,
no15tf Fort street.

PRIVATE SALE.

THE well kept furniture of the undersigned is for sale in quantities to suit purchaser. Can be viewed at the residence, 177 Montreal street any day except Sundays.
Also a New York Family Phaeton, nearly new, work double or single, which can be seen at the Club Stable, Yates street.
oc18de5 J. P. MATTHEWS.

House and Lots on Kane st.

A comfortable two-story House with 11 rooms, bath, cellar and outhouses complete with two full sized lots extending from Kane to Rae street. For further particulars apply to JACOB SEHL, Government st. n24

NEW WELLINGTON COAL AND WOOD
For sale. Office 124 Government St. Telephon call No. 39. se2 T. J. LINDSAY

SPALLUMCHEEN, B. C.
A Valuable Farm For Sale,
Consisting of 160 acres of the finest land in the district. Two hundred and eighty-five acres are ready for the plow. The farm is well watered; all under fence, and within two miles of the Enderby flouring mills. The farm is suitable for grain, stock and dairying. Apply to—
no21-1m JOHN HARLAND, Enderby.

FARM FOR SALE.
132 Acres of Farming Land
ON HORNBY ISLAND,
Three-quarters of a mile from Gov'ment wharf
Title—Crown Grant, including all Minerals.
Good building stone on the property. The property is situated in the centre of the Great Coal Basin of Comox. For further particulars apply to owner,
GEORGE FORD,
no25-1m Hornby Island.

FOR SALE.
CHEAP—Several very desirable lots in Spokane Falls on very easy terms. Spokane Falls, as is well known, is the greatest railroad centre and one of the most flourishing and enterprising cities in Washington. It has nine lines of railroad in operation now. There are ten banks in it, all doing a good business. We have been over every inch of this property and can recommend it as a safe and good investment. Streets graded, good soil, spring water, shade trees and easy transportation. We have the exclusive sale of the property in Victoria. Inside lots, $250; corners, $300. Terms, $20 cash and $10 per month, or ¼ cash; ⅓ in four months, and balance in one and two years.
Apply C. CAMERON & CO.,
Real Estate Agents, 5 Trounce Ave.,
nov6-1m Victoria, B.C.

FOWL BAY.
CHOICE LOTS
In this Delightful Neighborhood, some fronting on the Sea, can be had now at extremely low figures.
IRVING & JOHNSTON,
Trounce Avenue,
VICTORIA, B.C.
jly1

CHINA AND JAPAN
FANCY GOODS.
We have just received a large consignment of all kinds of celebrated Embroidered Silk Gowns, Shawls, Screens, Etc.;
Also Porcelain, Satsuma, Cloisanne, Bronze, Ivory, Sandalwood and Opium, Rice. Tea. Sugar.
TAI SOONG & CO.
my1-6m 40 Cormorant street

THE FALL OF PARNELL.

He Endeavors to Drag Down Gladstone With Him—Bitter Attack on Liberals.

He Reveals Confidential Matters—Irish Members Likely to Depose Him on Monday.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Parnell's manifesto to the Irish people, which was issued to-night, is very lengthy. He begins by saying:

"The integrity and independence of a section of the Irish parliamentary party having been apparently sapped and destroyed by the wire-pullers of the Liberal party, it has become necessary for me, as the leader of the Irish party, to take counsel with you, and, having given you the knowledge which is in my possession, ask your judgment upon the matter which now solely devolves upon you to decide.

"The letter from Gladstone to Morley, written for the purpose of influencing the decision of the Irish party in the choice of a leader, and claiming for the Liberals and their leaders the right of veto upon such choice, is the immediate cause of this address, the purpose of which is to remind you and your parliamentary representatives that Ireland considers the independence of her party as her only safe-guard within the constitution, and above and beyond all other considerations whatever. The threat in that letter, repeated insolently on many platforms and in numerous British newspapers, compels me to put before you information which, until now, has been solely in my possession, and which will enable you to understand the measure of loss with which you are threatened unless you consent to throw me to the English wolves now howling for my destruction."

Parnell then tells how, at Hawarden, last November, he received from Gladstone the details of the proposal of that gentleman and his colleagues with regard to home rulers in the next general election favoring the Liberal party. Upon the subject of the retention of Irish members in the Imperial parliament, Gladstone told him that, in order to conciliate English public opinion, it would be necessary to reduce the Irish representation from 103 to 32.

Upon the settlement of the land question, Gladstone intimated that while he would renew his attempt to settle the matter by imperial legislation on the lines of the land purchase bill of 1886, he would not undertake to put any pressure upon his own side. In other words, that the Irish legislature was not to be given the power of solving agrarian difficulties.

With regard to control of the Irish constabulary, it was stated by Gladstone that in view of the necessity of conciliating English public opinion it would be necessary to leave this force to the appointment of its officers under the control of the imperial authority for an indefinite period, while funds for its maintenance would be compulsorily provided out of the Irish revenue. A period of ten or twelve years was suggested as the limit of time during which the appointment of judges and resident magistrates should be retained in the hands of the imperial authorities.

Passing to his own expressions on these points, which Parnell says represent his views then and now, he says, with regard to the retention of the Irish members, that he holds that with the concession of full powers to an Irish legislature equivalent to those enjoyed by a state of the American Union, the number and position of the members so retained, would become a question of Imperial concern, and not of pressing or immediate importance for the interests of Ireland; but that, with the important and all-engrossing subjects of agrarian reform, constabulary control and judiciary appointments left either under the Imperial control or totally unprovided for, it would be the height of madness for any Irish leader to imitate Grattan's example and consent to disband an army which had cleared the way to victory.

"I further undertook," says Parnell, "to use every legitimate influence to reconcile Irish public opinion to the gradual coming into force of new privileges and to the postponements necessary for English opinion with regard to constabulary control and judicial appointment, but I strongly dissented from the proposed reduction of the number of members during the interval of probation, and pointed to the absence of any suitable prospect of a land settlement by either parliament, as a constitutional and overwhelming drag upon the prospects of permanent peace and prosperity in Ireland."

At the conclusion of the interview Parnell was informed that pending the general elections Gladstone and his colleagues were agreed that silence should be preserved with regard to these points of difference. The absence of any provision for the settlement of the agrarian question and of any policy on the part of the Liberal leaders, Parnell says, filled him with concern and apprehension.

On the introduction of the land purchase bill by the government at the commencement of the last session, Morley conferred with him, and having regard to the avowed absence of any policy on the part of the Liberals, Parnell strongly advised Morley against any direct challenge of the principle of state aid to land purchase, and that they should direct their efforts on the second reading to the association of the principle of local control. In this Morley agreed with him, but was at the same time hampered by the extreme section of the party, led by Labouchere, and in a subsequent interview impressed upon Parnell the necessity of meeting the second reading of the bill with a direct negative, and asked him to undertake the motion.

"I agreed," Parnell continued, "on condition that I was not to attack the principle of the measure, by confining myself to a criticism of details. I think this was false strategy, but it was strategy adopted out of regard to English prejudice and radical peculiarities. I did the best possible under the circumstances, and the several days' debate on the second reading contrasts favorably with Labouchere's recent abortive attempt to interpose a direct negative to the first reading of a similar bill yesterday."

Just before the commencement of this session Parnell had another interview with Morley, and impressed upon him the policy of an oblique method of procedure with reference to land purchase, and the necessity and importance of providing for the question of local control and limitation in the application of funds.

"He would have agreed with me," says Parnell, "had I offered to move on the first reading of the bill an amendment favoring this local control, and advising, if this was rejected, that it might be left to the radicals on the second reading to oppose the principle of the measure. I left Morley under the impression that this would be my duty, but in addition he made a remarkable proposal. Referring to the probable approaching victory of the Liberals, he suggested some considerations as to the future of the Irish party and asked me whether I would be willing to assume the office of chief secretary for Ireland, or whether I would allow another member of my party to take the position. He also put before me the desirability of filling one of the law offices of the crown in Ireland by a legal member of my party. I told him, amazed as I was at the proposal, that I could not agree to forfeit in any way the independence of the party or its members; that the Irish people had trusted me because they believed the declaration I made at Cork in 1880 represented my conviction, and that I would on no account depart from it.

"I considered that Morley's proposal that we should allow ourselves to be absorbed into English politics was one based upon an entire misconception of our position.

"In conclusion, Morley directed my attention to the plan of campaign against the estates. He said it would be impossible for the Liberal party, when it attained power, to do anything for these evicted tenants by direct action, and it would also be impossible for the Irish parliament, under powers conferred, to do anything for them, and, flinging up his hands in a gesture of despair, he exclaimed: 'Having been in Tipperary, I do not know what to propose.' I told him that this question was limited; that funds would be available from America and elsewhere for the support of these tenants as long as necessary, and that this difficulty should not be allowed to interfere with the general interests of the country."

Parnell says he alludes to this matter only because within the last few days a strong argument for his expulsion has been presented. Unless the Liberals come into power at the next election, the plan of campaign for tenants will suffer. He has shown that the Liberals proposed to do nothing for them by direct action, and is entitled to ask that the existence of these tenants, whom he has supported in every way in the past, and will continue to support, will not constitute a reason for his expulsion from Irish politics.

Parnell says that, during the ten years of the independence of the Irish parliamentary party, it has, because of its independence, forced upon the English people the necessity of granting home rule to Ireland. He believed that the party will obtain home rule, provided it remains independent of any English party.

In conclusion, he says: "I do not believe that any action of the Irish people in supporting me will endanger the home rule cause, or postpone the establishment of an Irish parliament. But, even if danger were to be realized, I believe the Irish people throughout the world would agree with me that the postponement would be preferable to a compromise of our national rights by the acceptance of a measure which would not realize the aspirations of our race."

An important section of the Parnellites in the Commons met to-night, and resolved to take action to combat the influence of Parnell's manifesto, resenting the appearance of a breach of faith. The meeting adjourned to get the opinion of the delegates in America.

A canvass has been conducted by members of the Irish parliamentary party opposed to Parnell's retention of the leadership, with a view of ascertaining how the poll is likely to go at Monday's meeting. The result was the securing of 53 members against Parnell. Among them are Gordon, Deasy, John Dillon, Esmonde, Finucane, Timothy Harrington, Timothy Healy, Maurice Healy, Justin McCarthy, J. F. O'Brien, Roche, Sexton, Sheehan, Sheehy, Tanner and Webb. The anti-Parnellites also rely upon the votes of William O'Brien, T. P. O'Connor, Gill and T. D. Sullivan. The adherents of Parnell who have announced their intention to stick to the old leader number 23, namely: Blair, Byrne, Henry, Campbell, Conway, W. J. Corbett, J. G. Fitzgerald, Edward Harrington Hayden, J. E. Kenny, W. A. McDonald, McNeal, McGuire, Mahoney, J. P. Nolan, Joseph Nolan, John O'Connor, O'Kelly, Pinkerton, P. J. Power, Richard Power, John Redmond, William Redmond and Shiel.

It is stated that even if Parnell is outvoted at Monday's meeting, he will stick to his seat for Cork and harrass the Liberals as much as possible.

DUBLIN, Nov. 28.—A letter is published to-day from Archbishop Walsh. He declines to make a public statement of his opinion of the Parnell case until he has an opportunity to consult his Episcopal brethren. He says that next Monday's meeting of the parliamentary party may result in a decision that will put upon the bishops of Ireland the grave duty of considering whether or how far it may be in their power to continue to place in the Irish parliamentary party that confidence which, as a body they felt justified in placing in it in the past. In conclusion the Archbishop says he does not feel convinced that we are yet in a position to form final judgment on the case, out of which the present unhappy crisis has arisen. At all events, this is a matter that must be decided one way or the other before many days.

DILLON AND O'BRIEN SILENT.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 28.—Dillon, Harrington, O'Connor, Gill, O'Brien and Sullivan held a secret conference to-night. In response to an interrogation a reply was sent out, saying all statements as to their views on the present position of the Irish party were entirely unauthorized. The delegates have made no commu

E. M. JOHNSON,

ESTABLISHED 1879.

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MONEY to lend on Freehold Security at Current Rates

RENTS AND INTEREST punctually collected and accounted for.

CONVEYANCES, Leases, Mortgages prepared and transactions of every nature in connection with Real Estate expeditiously carried out.

PROPERTY SALES effected strictly on Commission.

FOR SALE, Mansion and Ornamental Grounds, with sea view and frontage to the Straits. Ample stabling and all modern conveniences. This is one of the handsomest and most beautifully situate houses in Victoria. PRICE, $30,000.

FOR SALE, 60 acres, more or less, of Suburban Land, within 15 minutes drive by Electric Car, from Government Street. PRICE, $625 PER ACRE. This estate offers good opportunity for subdivision into lots. Acreage in the vicinity is selling at from $1,500 to $3,000 per acre. Lots of average size, 60x120 each, selling from $400 upwards. One of the few bargains left.

FOR SALE, Suburban Sea-side Fstate, about 35 acres, with house, garden, orchard, stabling and all conveniences for a gentleman's residence, within easy distance of town, say 20 minutes' drive from the Post Office. Rapidly increasing neighborhood. Land near has sold lately for $2,000 per acre. PRICE, $35,000

FOR SALE, Block on Government Street, in the vicinity of New Hotel. This property will increase from 30 per cent. to 50 per cent. in value within the next two years. Good buildings on the property which may be made to return a fair present interest on outlay. Contemplated improvements to James Bay will also raise values in this vicinity. PRICE, $45,000.

FOR SALE, Corner lot on Government Street. First class Business property. A building on this property would pay handsomely. PRICE, $50,000.

FOR SALE, Business Building Lot on Government Street, near Bank of British Columbia. Let at present for $600 per annum. Frontage, 22½ feet. Land in the vicinity held at $1,000 per foot. PRICE, $15,500.

FOR SALE.

8-Room House and Lots, Spring Ridge	$ 2,500
Double Frontage, Superior and Michigan Streets, James Bay, 30 feet on both streets, by more than town lot depth. Superior Building sites	1,500
7-Room House, new. Bath, hot and cold water, inside closets and modern improvement. Lot 50x120, James Bay	3,600
Corner Lot, Menzies and Niagara Streers	1,100
Esquimalt Road, desirable acre	3,500
Cheap Lot, Cloverdale Estate	850
Lot, Niagara and cross Street	900
Lot Niagara Street	800
2 Lots, South Turner Street ... each	800
Building Lot, Kingston Street	1,150
13 Building Lots, en bloc, James Bay	10,400
2 Lots, Johnson Street, commanding position	2,100
6-Room House, bath, pantry, etc., etc., Victoria West	3,000
6 Acres, with water frontage to the Gorge. Beautiful site for a handsome residence	12,000
2 Lots, 60x240, double frontage, near the Mills and Factories	2,500
Corner Lot and a half, Quadra and Fisgard. Valuable cottage site	4,200
Acre Lot, Oak Bay Avenue and Richmond Road. Cheap. Will cut into 7 lots	2,000

Farm Lands in Lake, Saanich and Suburban Victoria Districts.
Frontage on Cowichan Lake. Lands on Denman Island.
Frontage on Burrard Inlet suitable for Mills and Wharves. And
Acres on the North Arm of Burrard Inlet, etc., etc.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY. LOANS MADE.

For Further Particulars, Prices, Etc.,

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37 GOVERNMENT STREET CORNER OF BROUGHTON.

tions to the press as to their opinions, and do not intend to do so for the present.

HE HAS DUG HIS OWN GRAVE.

The English Press Unanimously Denounce the Shameless Manifesto.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—It is repeated that Gladstone will issue a counter manifesto. All the papers comment at great length on the matter.

The Post says: The bomb has been exploded in anger, and Parnell turns evidence against his fellow conspirators to save his own political life. The manifesto has rendered the prospects for home rule worse than at any time since 1885.

The Daily News says: This is the last fatal disservice which obliterates many, if not all, his incomparable services.

The News appeals to the Irish clergy and people not to allow Parnell to drag down the Home Rule cause in his own fall by a belief in serious misapprehensions of their English friends.

The Chronicle says: Parnell's most powerful blow is a revelation of the abject paralysis of the Gladstonian party over the land question, and Morley's confession of their inability to assist sufferers from the plan of campaign. The manifesto clearly shows that Parnell is not a person with whom any statesman can venture to hold confidential relations. Irish ingratitude in politics is proverbial, but never before avowed with such cold, calculating cynicism.

The Standard says: The manifesto is highly damaging to the credit of Gladstone and Morley as straightforward statesmen. No English politician will ever trust Parnell again, but he has chosen the right line to win back the fanatical regard of Irishmen.

The Times says: The manifesto shivers forever the supposition that Parnell can ever again be treated as a trustworthy friend or an honorable foe. It is probably the most shameless document of English public life seen since the days of the revolution. The Times thinks, however, that it will probably effect its purpose in Ireland; and refers to the severity of the blow inflicted on Gladstone's impractic b e schemes.

In case the Irish Nationalist members at their meeting Monday favor Parnell, a movement will be started among the Liberals to give English reforms precedence over Home Rule, and a meeting to advocate reverting to the programme of 1885 will be summoned.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, it is believed, will succeed Gladstone in the leadership of the Liberal party in the event of the latter retiring.

AT NORTH COMOX.

Report of proceedings of a meeting held at North Comox school-house, on the 26th Nov., 1890; Mr. S. F. Crawford was elected chairman, and E. A. Halliday secretary.

Mr. Coates being called upon stated that the reason for calling the meeting was the dissatisfaction felt at the boundaries which had been laid out for Puntledge district.

Mr. B. Crawford spoke for a short time on the general misplacing of the schools in Comox district, his idea was that three schools, if properly placed, would suffice for Comox district, west of South Comox.

Mr. George Grieve said that if Mr. Crawford's idea were carried out it would put some of those who are at present attending school entirely out of reach of school privileges.

Mr. Coates said that his children and some others would have at least three and a half miles to go to attend either the present Courtenay school, or the prospective Puntledge school.

Mr. Bridges said that if one school was built across Courtenay river, the present North Comox school moved to the Mission, and Courtenay school placed somewhere near the middle of the district nearly everybody would be accommodated.

Moved by Mr. B. Crawford, seconded by Mr. C. Bridges, that Courtenay District be enlarged, making the cross road at Mr. Bridges extend both ways, the dividing line between Courtenay and Puntledge Districts. Carried unanimously.

Moved by Mr. R. T. Carwithen, seconded by Mr. George Grieve, that the eastern boundary of Puntledge District be placed at the Mission. Carried.

The secretary then read the minutes, after which the meeting adjourned.

S. F. CRAWFORD, Chairman.
E. A. HALLIDAY, Secretary.

THE PRAIRIE BUFFALO, NOW ALMOST EXTINCT.

The traveler, tourist and rancher who now wander over the boundless prairies of the North-west, have continually before their eyes reminders of a noble and almost extinct animal—the buffalo. Horns, skulls, and bones of all kinds present themselves at almost every step.

Man, the great colonizer, has been the ruthless destroyer of this grand monarch of the prairie, and to-day the buffalo is almost as rare an object as would be the finding of an African lion roaming over the prairies.

In the march of civilization and the building up of towns and villages on these vast prairies where once roamed the buffalo, man, the great civilizer and conqueror, has not been able to deal with or vanquish effectually some of the dread foes which continually menace not only the farmer and rancher, but the business man, and those of every other profession and occupation; we refer to sickness and disease. Disease in various forms is today found in these free prairie towns, with Heaven's pure air and bright sky, as well as in the crowded cities of the East.

Nervousness, with all its attendant evils and troubles, is found in many homes, and is the cause of great anxiety and thought to many a husband and wife.

Men and women in the race of life, working hard and constantly to acquire riches in land and cattle, are unconsciously but surely in many cases bringing upon themselves nerve troubles, such as sleeplessness, irritability, dizziness, headaches, and nervous prostration that must end seriously, unless attended to in time.

The great remedy for the West is the same as has restored to new life thousands of sufferers in the East; it is Paine's Celery Compound, the greatest nerve strengthener and builder ever offered to an enlightened people.

Paine's Celery Compound is now acknowledged by physicians as the remedy par-excellence for all nervous complaints. For the dyspeptic, or all who are troubled with kidney or liver complaint, it stands at the head of every known preparation.

A PUEBLO CHURCH.

The Acomas and How They Worship the God of the Christians.

Like the people of all the other New Mexican Pueblo tribes, the Acomas have their annual festivals, the origin of which is lost in the mystery of the prehistoric ages. The Catholic priests, writes Clarence Pullen in Harper's Weekly, put all the Christian veneering possible over the essential heathenism of the ceremonials, and under their influence these celebrations occur usually on or near some saint's day. Conspicuous among these jubilations is the harvest festival, when, with games and dances, the people rejoice over the ripening of the fruits of the earth. After the performance of secret rites within the estufas, to which ceremonies no one not a member of the tribe is admitted, the maskers, musicians and others, all decorated in paint, ribbons and brass ornaments, stream forth into the open space before the village, where, with the peculiar stamping step attending all Indian performances of the kind, are continued the processions and dances, to the music of rude fifes, drums and gong-beating. In some of their dances the performers are attired in complete suits of buckskin, adorned with fringes, buttons, beads, feathers and ribbons, completely covering the face and head, surmounted with horns, and having only small slits for sight and breathing.

The Pueblos, a provident folk who believe in intrenching themselves with all the supernatural powers, do not neglect on these occasions to visit the church to pay due obeisance to the Christian God and lesser divinities. The church, a fine old structure of adobe, was rebuilt in 1702, after it had been dismantled in the Indian revolt of 1680. It is a massive edifice one hundred and fifty feet long, forty feet wide and forty feet high, with walls seven feet thick, standing, fronted by an extensive and ancient burial ground, on the southern brink of the mesa. The sand for this cemetery was brought up from the foot of the bluff and placed in a depression at this point—an operation which, according to priestly tradition, occupied forty years. The huge buttresses, one at each front corner of the church, are capped above the roof by rude belfries in which swing two bells, which Indian tradition asserts to be the gift of the Queen of Spain at some period in the eighteenth century. One of these bells bears the inscription: "San Pedro, A. D. 1710." It is a wonder how these heavy bells and the great pine beams, forty feet long and of proportionate thickness, that cross the body of the church, were ever brought to the top of the mesa.

Adjoining the church are the ruins of the old Franciscan mission of San Estevan de Acoma, established, says the eminent archæologist and historian Prof. Ad. H. Baudelier, by Fray Juan Ramirez not long after the year 1628, he naming the place after St. Sebastian on account of its rocky sides and the large number of pebbles accumulated on and about it. Fray Ramirez returned to Mexico, and died there in 1664. His successor was Fray Lucas Maldonado, from Tribujona, Mexico, also a Franciscan. In fact, up to the uprising of the Indians of New Mexico under Pope and Catite in 1680, the Franciscan order controlled all the missions among the Pueblos. On August 10, 1680, twenty-one Franciscan friars were murdered in various parts of New Mexico, and among them Fray Maldonado, of Acoma. After the reconquest of the province, twelve years later, by the Spaniards under Diego de Vargas, there were for several years occasional disturbances and bloodshed. But by the beginning of the eighteenth century the province had become tranquillized, and the Pueblo Indians and the Spaniards had adjusted their requirements so as to get along together without a great amount of friction.

It is a strange and picturesque sight when within the thick walls of the old church, dimly lighted by deep windows like port-holes, in which sheets of mica, or *yeso* (transparent gypsum) serve for glass, the Indians, in the same fashion of dress which their ancestors wore when they built fires to the sun in ancient days—some wrapped in Navajo blankets, with broad black and white stripes, and red diamond figures in the center—pass to and from the altar, with its bright but impressive decorations. The church interior is decorated with two valuable pictures, the "Virgin and Child," and the "St. Joseph," which were brought from Spain more than two hundred years ago. The ceiling is rudely frescoed in representation of the sun, moon and stars, the work, in the beginning of the present century, of an artist priest, whose name is somewhere inscribed beneath the dust that for generations has been settling upon this labor of love and devotion.

Origin of Bird Song.

The origin of bird song is described by an English writer as follows: "Bird song originated in a cry produced by bodily contortion. This cry was developed by use in times of danger. It then became a warning-note that was elaborated into a call-note. This note was repeated by males in varied tone and pitch, and several influences tended to make it a reproduction of surrounding persistent sounds. The call-notes were repeated by the males to the females, and in this manner arbitrary phrases were constructed. Further efforts on the part of the males induced greater variety, which took the form of imitation of other sounds."

An Obliging People.

The Heligolanders accommodate themselves to circumstances with wonderful ease. All told they number two thousand, which would give about five hundred grown-up males. During the Franco-German war they issued a manifesto declaring that they were Germans and that they wished to throw in their lot with their German fellow-countrymen. At present they tell Englishmen who visit them that their affection for England is phenomenal, and when Germans visit them they make the same declaration in regard to the fatherland. Probably they are fond of their island and all other patriotism is a question of bread and cheese.

To Miss Hermit Hubbard Oyer
in very pleasant remembrance of
Adelina Patti Nicolini
1889.

CRAIG-Y-NOS CASTLE, Oct. 13, 1887.

"There never has been anything equal in merit to the Recamier Preparations, my skin is so immensely improved by their use. I use Cream, Balm and Lotion every day of my life, and could not exist comfortably without them. Recamier Soap also is perfect. I shall never use any other. I hear that the Princess of Wales is delighted with the Recamier Preparations. I could not comfortably endure a day without them.

"ADELINA PATTI-NICOLINI."

WHAT THE RECAMIER PREPARATIONS ARE AND HOW TO USE THEM.

Recamier Cream, for tan, sunburn, pimples, &c. Price, $1.50.

Recamier Balm, a beautifier, pure and simple. Price, $1.50.

Recamier Almond Lotion, for freckles, moth and discolorations. Price, $1.50.

Recamier Powder, for toilet, nursery. Will stay on and does not make face shine. Prices—$1, large boxes; 50c., small boxes.

Recamier Soap—The best in the world. Prices—50c., scented; 25c., unscented.

"If your druggist does not keep the Recamier Preparations, refuse substitutes. Let him order for you, or order yourself from either of the Canadian offices of the Recamier Manufacturing Company, 374 and 376 St. Paul street, Montreal, and 50 Wellington street East, Toronto. For sale in Canada at our regular New York prices.

ICE Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. New England Bakery, No. 116 and 118 Government street. Telephone No. 161. YOUNG BROS.

JUST RECEIVED

In the very best condition a consignment of

HOLLAND BULBS

—CONSISTING OF—

Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus,

CROCUS, SNOWDROPS, Etc.

Also Best Lawn Grass Seed for Immediate Sowing.

Send for price list of Bulbs, Trees, Shrubs, &c.

G. A. McTAVISH,
Invertavish Nursery, Park Road, Victoria.
au21

JOHN WINGER,
Premier Skin & Fur Dresser.

FINE FURS A SPECIALTY.
OLD FURS REDRESSED.

47 Quadra St. Your Favors Solicited.
se7

WASHBURN
Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers
in volume and quality of tone are the best in the world. Warranted to wear in any climate. Sold by all leading dealers. Beautifully illustrated, descriptive catalogue with portraits of famous artists MAILED FREE.
LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.
se27-eod-d&w

Burdock Blood Bitters

REGULATES THE Bowels, Bile and Blood.
CURES Constipation, Billiousness all Blood Humors, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint Scrofula, and all Broken Down Conditions of the System.

WATFORD, ONT.

My daughter, after a severe attack of Scarlet Fever, was completely broken down. spent hundreds of dollars in doctors' bills with but little satisfaction. Before she had taken one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters there was a remarkable change, and now she is entirely cured. tts MRS. HOPPERON.

SCOTT'S
EMULSION
DOES CURE
CONSUMPTION
In its First Stages.
Palatable as Milk.

Be sure you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

mc2o1-ed-d,w

NOTICES.

BY-LAW

For the Extension of Corporation Limits.

WHEREAS a large population resides t outside of the Corporation limits

And whereas it would be undesirable to have other municipalities created on the borders of this City:

Therefore be it resolved, that steps be at once taken so that the limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria be extended to such an extent as is conferred by the powers contained in the Municipal Act 1889, and Amending Act:

The boundary of such extension to be as follows:

Commencing at a point on the shore line of Fowl Bay at the Southern end of an accommodation road, thence northerly along the centre of said road to its intersection with the Southern boundary line of Section 68; thence Easterly along said boundary line to the South-east corner of section 68; thence northerly along eastern boundary lines of sections 68, 74 and 76 to the south-east corner of section 25, thence westerly along southern boundary line of section 25 to the centre of Mount Tolmie road; thence northerly along the centre of Mount Tolmie road to its intersection with the southern boundary line of section 26; thence westerly along said boundary line to the south-west corner of section 26; thence northerly along the western boundary lines of section 26 and 27, to the north-west corner of section 27; thence westerly along the southern boundary lines of sections 34 and 42 to the south-west corner of section 42; thence northerly along western boundary line of section 42 to the south-east corner of section 62; thence westerly along the boundary lines of section 62, 63 and 7 to the intersection of the Southern boundary line of section 7 with the centre of Burnside road; thence north-westerly along the centre of Burnside road to the centre of Harriet road; thence along the centre of Harriet road to Victoria Arm; thence along the shore line of Victoria Arm and Victoria Harbour (including all wharves, jetties and buildings along the said shore lines, and also including Point Ellice Bridge, Rock Bay Bridge and James Bay Bridge) to the point of commencement.

Also commencing at a point where the centre of Arm Street intersects the right bank of Victoria Arm; thence southerly along the centre of Arm street to Craigflower road; thence easterly along the centre of Craigflower road to the centre of Morgan road; thence southerly along the centre of Morgan road to the North-west corner of section 32; thence along the western boundary line of section 32 to the shore of Victoria Harbour; thence along the shore lines of Victoria Harbour and Victoria Arm (including all wharves, jetties and buildings along the said shore lines, and also including Point Ellice Bridge) to the point of commencement.

Passed the Municipal Council the 21st day of October, A.D., 1890.

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of the resolution passed by the City Council with regard to the proposed extension of the limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, and of the description and definition of the said proposed extension, upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at Burnes' Building. Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward, at the City Hall for Johnson Street Ward, and at the Hook and Ladder House for James Bay Ward, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of December next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8a. m. and 4 p. m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office, Oct. 28th, 1890.

A BY-LAW

For raising the sum of $45,000.00 for the purchase of a market site.

WHEREAS it is expedient to establish a Public Market in the City of Victoria.

And whereas it is estimated that the cost of acquiring land suitable for a site therefor in said city will be $45,000, which sum it is proposed to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the City as hereinafter mentioned.

And whereas it will require the sum of $2,198.90 to be raised annually by special rate for paying the debt intended to be hereby created and the interest thereof.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Corporation, according to the last revised assessment roll, is $9,358,191, irrespective of any future increase of the rateable property of the municipality and of any income in the nature of tolls, interest, or dividends from the work, or from any stock, shares or interest in the work upon which the money so to be raised or any part thereof is intended to be invested, and also irrespective of any income from the temporary investment of the sinking fund or any part thereof.

And whereas for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said debt intended to be hereby created according to the Municipality Act, 1889, and amending Act, an annual special rate of 21-1000 of 1 per cent. in the dollar will be required.

And whereas it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City to raise by way of loan from any person or persons or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $45,000, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said corporation for the purpose and with the object herein before recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required either in currency or in sterling money not less than $500, or the sterling equivalent of that sum, each and all such debentures shall be sealed with the common seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable in 50 years from the date hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation, City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of the interest.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum from the date hereof, which interest shall be paid half-yearly at the office of the said Treasurer.

5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of said debentures and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of 24-1000 of one per cent in the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the City of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

6. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation from time to time to re-purchase any of the said debentures at such price as shall in each case be mutually agreed upon, and all debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled, and no re-issue of debentures or any debenture shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase.

7. This by-law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipality Act, 1889, and amending Act, and shall take effect on the 24th day of December, A.D. 1890.

8. This by-law may be cited as the "Public Market Site By-Law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 8th day of October, A.D. 1890.

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward; at the City Hall for Johnson Street Ward; and at the Hook and Ladder House for James Bay Ward, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of December next; and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, October 28th, 1890.

A BY-LAW

For raising the sum of $55,000 for the erection of a Market Building.

WHEREAS it is expedient to establish a public market in the City of Victoria.

And whereas it is estimated that the cost of establishing such public market, and erecting and constructing buildings and premises suitable for such purpose, will be $55,000, which sum it is proposed to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the city as hereinafter mentioned.

And whereas it will require the sum of $2,687.62 to be raised annually by special rate for paying the debt intended to be hereby created, and the interest thereon.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Corporation, according to the last revised assessment roll, is $9,358,191, irrespective of any future increase of the rateable property of the municipality, and of any income in the nature of tolls, interest or dividends from the work, or from any stock, shares or interest in the work upon which the money so to be raised, or any part thereof, is intended to be invested; and also irrespective of any amount from the temporary investment of the sinking fund, or any part thereof.

And whereas for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of said debt intended to be hereby created, an annual special rate of 27-1,000 of 1 per cent. in the dollar will be required.

And whereas it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said city to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $55,000, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required either in currency or in sterling money not less than $500, or the sterling equivalent of that sum, each and all such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase same on paying the amount thereof and interest thereon to the date of said purchase to the holder or holders thereof, and all debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled and destroyed, and no re-issue of debentures shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase.

7 This By-law shall before the final passage thereof receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act 1889, and Amending Act, and shall take effect on the 24th day of December, A.D., 1890.

This By-law may be cited as the "Crematory By-law."

Passed the Municipal Council this 24th day of September, A.D., 1890.

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward; at the City Hall, for Johnson Street Ward; and at the Hook and Ladder House for James Bay Ward, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of December next; and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, October 28th, 1890. oc29

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 1A or O, 1 and 2 and Lot 3, (Lime Bay), Victoria West.

CERTIFICATES of indefeasible title to the above lots will be issued to John Hall on the twenty-sixth day of January, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lots or some part thereof.

CHARLES JAMES LEGGATT,
Registrar-General,
Land Registry Office, Victoria,
22nd October, 1890. oc23-3m

"Land Registry Act."

Subdivision 29 of Suburban Lot XIX., Victoria City.

TAKE notice that it is my intention to register the title to the above mentioned subdivision in the name of Sarah McTeigh for life, with remainder in the name of Charles McTeigh in fee, unless within three months from the date hereof on adverse claim is filed at my office.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 5th November, 1890. no5

NOTICE.

PERSONS having claims against the French Benevolent Society are hereby requested to present them to me for payment not later than the 30th inst. By order of the President, I. Braverman.

JOHN WENGER,
Treasurer.
Victoria, B. C., Nov. 7th, 1890. no8

NOTICE.

Victoria, Oct. 25th, 1890.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY that I, G. A. FLORENCE, stock dealer, of Savannah, Tennessee, U.S.A., do hereby constitute G. W. RASURE of Victoria, B. C., horse dealer, my authorized agent for the carrying on a livery, sale and stock business in the Province of British Columbia, and I do hereby authorize him to buy, sell, lease, or mortgage any property that may be in his possession belonging to me in aforesaid Province. G. A. FLORENCE.
Witness: T. J. BURNES. oc28-1m

REMOVAL.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Street and Trounce Avenue. feb20tf

J. & A. BOSKOWITZ,
WHARF STREET,
Highest Cash Prices Paid for Furs and Deer Skins.

BY-LAW

To enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $10,000 for the purpose of establishing a Crematory.

WHEREAS it is expedient that a Crematory be established and maintained in the City of Victoria.

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of said City the sum of $10,000.

And whereas it will require the sum of $710.-11 to be raised annually for the payment of said debt and interest as hereinafter mentioned.

And whereas the amount of the whole of the rateable property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last assessment roll being for the year 1890, was $9,358,191, irrespective of any future increase of the rateable property of the municipality and of any income in the nature of tolls, interest or dividends from the work, and also irrespective of any income from the temporary investment of the sinking fund or any part thereof.

And whereas for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the said principal sum of $10,000 and interest as hereinafter mentioned, it will require an equal annual special rate of 8-1000th of one per cent on the dollar.

And whereas it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said city to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned a sum not exceeding in the whole the sum of $10,000, and cause the same to be paid to the treasurer of the said Corporation for the purposes and with the objects hereinbefore recited.

2. That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor to issue any number of debentures, to be made for such sums of money as may be required for not less than $1,000 each, and that the said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, and signed by the Mayor.

3. That the said debentures shall be made payable in thirty years from the day hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the treasurer of the Corporation of the said City of Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of the interest.

4. That the said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of five per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable yearly at the office of the treasurer of the said Corporation.

5. That for the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest at the rate aforesaid to become due thereon, an equal special rate of 8-1000 of one per cent. on the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be raised, levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property in the said Corporation in the said Municipality during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

6 That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase same on paying the amount thereof and interest thereon to the date of said purchase to the holder or holders thereof, and all debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled and destroyed, and no re-issue of debentures shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase.

7 This By-law shall before the final passage thereof receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipal Act 1889, and Amending Act, and shall take effect on the 24th day of December, A.D., 1890.

This By-law may be cited as the "Crematory By-law."

Passed the Municipal Council this 24th day of September, A.D., 1890.

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at Burnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward; at the City Hall, for Johnson Street Ward; and at the Hook and Ladder House for James Bay Ward, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of December next; and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, October 28th, 1890. oc29

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R'y

TIME TABLE No. 13,

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday Oct 11th, 1890. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.			No. 3 Passenger Saturdays and Mondays.	Miles from Wellington	STATIONS.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.			No. 4 Passenger Saturdays and Mondays.	Miles from Victoria
			Ar 5.53	73	VICTORIA	De 8.00	A.M		De 2.30	P.M 1
			" 5.51	71	RUSSELLS Vic.W	" 8.01			" 2.31	1
			" 5.44	71	ESQUIMALT	" 8.14			" 2.44	11
			" 5.19	67	GOLDSTREAM	" 8.39			" 4.09	33
			" 4.11	59	SHAWNIGAN LK	" 9.34			" 4.11	35
			" 3.50	43	COBBLE HILL	" 9.57			" 4.29	38
			" 3.19	40	McPHERSON'S	" 10.07			" 4.39	40
			" 3.44	33	KOKSILAH	" 10.12			" 4.44	43
			" 3.31	35	DUNCAN'S	" 10.22			" 4.51	52
			" 3.12	26	SOMENOS	" 10.43			" 5.10	62
			" 2.14	5	CHEMAINUS	Ar 11.50			" 6.11	73
Ar 12.21	P.M		De 8.30		NANAIMO	De 1.30			Ar 3.12	73
" 12.5			" 8.31			Ar 12.11	P.M		" 6.29	78
" 12.10	P.M		Ar 8.25		WELLINGTON					
" 11.45			De 8.10							
" 10.36										
" 10.27										
" 10.17										
" 10.12										
" 10.02										
" 9.33										
De 8.31										
Ar 8.25										
De 8.10	A.M		De 6.30	P.M						

On Saturdays, Sundays and Mondays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a Single Fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents. Through rates between Victoria & Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agt
my29

From Terminal or Interior Points the

Northern Pacific Railroad

Is the line to take

To all Points East and South.

It is the Dining Car Route. It runs through Vestibuled trains every day in the year to

ST. PAUL and CHICAGO

(NO CHANGE OF CARS)

Composed of Dining Cars unsurpassed,
Pullman Drawing Room Sleepers.
Of Latest Equipment.

Tourist Sleeping Cars.

Best that can be constructed and in which accommodations are both Free and furnished for holders of First or Second Class Tickets, and

Elegant Day Coaches.

A continuous line connecting with all lines, affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservations can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS To and from all Points in America, England and Europe can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

For full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Ticket Agent,
82 Gov't St., cor. Bastion, Victoria.
A. D. CHARLTON,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt.,
121 First st., corner Washington, Portland, Or.
feb11

BARGAINS IN FURNITURE!

CROCKERY, ETC.

BEING ABOUT TO RETIRE FROM business, my entire stock of Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, Matting, Window Blinds, Curtains, Cornices and poles, Crockery and Glassware, Lamps, Bisque Figures and Ornaments, etc., will be sold for Cash at greatly reduced prices. Also—

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

The best equipped FURNITURE FACTORY in the Province, most advantageously situated for shipping, on Laurel Point, suitable for any manufacturing purpose.

JACOB SEHL
63 GOVERNMENT STREET.

To Whom It May Concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that Wong Soy Chu has assigned all his interest in the firm of Hip Lung & Co. to Hip Lung Company, limited liability, and that Wong Soy Chu has no further interest in the affairs of the said company. no23-2w

S. S. HYAMS, OPTICIAN, 27 FORT ST., one door from Government street. Buy for HOLIDAY PRESENTS Hyam's Celebrated Gold Spectacles, warranted and adjusted to the sight; also beautiful assortment of Opera, Field, Marine and Magnifying Glasses. Optical goods of all descriptions. Repairing in Optical Goods a specialty. sep27-1yr

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R.—Regular Communication first Thursday each month at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets, at 7:30 p.m. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jsn1-1y R. B. ESNOUF, Secretary.

P. T. JOHNSTON & Co.

Have now ready for Sale a large and varied assortment of

Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Evergreens, Herbaceous Plants, Bulbs, Etc.

Including all the old favorites and some never before offered to the Public.

Grasses, Clover, and all other Seeds at Lowest Prices.

For further particulars see priced Catalogue, which will be forwarded post free on application

SEED STORE, No. 28 Fort Street. NURSERY, St. Charles Street, Off Cadboro Bay Road

N.B.—Having to vacate a portion of our Nursery Premises before November 4th, purchasers coming early are likely to obtain specially good bargains.
oct-6m-d&w P. T. JOHNSTON & CO.

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1890.

METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE.

ESQUIMALT STATION, Nov. 29, 1890.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

THE THERMOMETER.

1 a. m.,	47°	Mean 45°	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
5 a. m.,	44°		
9 a. m.,	45°	Highest 50°	5 a.m.—calm.
1 p. m.,	47°		1 p.m.—calm.
5 p. m.,	46°	Lowest 41°	9 p.m.—3 miles south
9 p. m.,	45°		Rain—

Average state of weather—Cloudy and foggy.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer OLYMPIAN from the Sound.—F H McLean, H E Levy, J Crosby, H Schaffer, Wm Parker, Miss Crawford, Mrs Coulter, J Lewis, G Smith, R Pullman, F N Moore, Wm Croker, T Rolff, A McCreary, F C Davidge, D McNesney, W H Given, S L McArthur, S Shores, G Hasson, Mrs J B Jackson, W Free, C A Brunz, T Hayden, J Robertson, J W Fairburn, C Foyn, C Thompson, J Snow, Mrs J McCurdy, Miss McCurdy, J Wilson.

Per Str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—J Stanley, Mrs Lewis, W J McKay, L C Stacey, A Phelps, C F Dahlar and wife, J Fogul, J Wait, W Reed, J R Robertson, F M Johnston, H M Wright, E Bradley, A O Beatty, J J Hunt.

CONSIGNEES.

Boucherat & Co, J Sommer, W W Waitt & Co, J Weiler, Albion Iron Works, R Dawson, J Wilson, Nicholles & Renouf, Mary Baker, N P Express Co, E G Prior & Co, Langley & Co, D Hart, W Crickmay, W Leighton, Albion Iron Works, Calgary E L Co, J Dunsmuir, F Adderly, J R Kerr.

DEATH.

PERKINS—In this city, on the 28th instant, of paralysis, Mary, the beloved wife of Chas. Perkins, a native of Carlisle, Cumberland, England, aged 55 years.

The funeral will take place on Monday, at 9 o'clock a.m., from the family residence, No. 20 Collinson street, and at half past nine o'clock from St. Andrew's Cathedral, View street.

Friends are invited to attend.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

INWARDS.

Str. Yosemite.....from Vancouver.
" Muscotte..... " Boundary Bay.
" Alert..... " Nanaimo.
" Queen..... " San Francisco.
" Olympian..... " Port Townsend.
" City of Kingston..... " "

OUTWARDS.

Str. Islander..... for Vancouver.
" Yosemite..... " Westminster.
" Rithet..... " "
" Mascotte..... " Nanaimo.
" Alert..... " "
" Olympian..... " Port Townsend.
" City of Kingston..... " "
" Queen..... " "

LOCAL.

Bark Mennock is now loading salmon.

Steamer Islander did not make her regular trip to Vancouver yesterday, owing to fog.

Extensive alterations are being made to the upper works of the steamer Emma by Mr. R. Stephens. She now lies near Turpel's ways, and will have a house very much like that of the Thistle.

HOSPITAL DRAINAGE.

TO THE EDITOR:—Having read the reported account of the statements made by the president of the Jubilee Hospital in opening the meeting, held this afternoon, in reference to the letters on the subject of hospital drainage, written to the press by Rev. Percival Jenns, who thereby awoke the public to the fact that the surroundings of the new hospital were becoming a source of disease, rather than cure, to those who might be so unfortunate as to find their way thither, I wish to take exception to the inferences drawn by Mr. Smith. I would also like to ask the president of the hospital if he is aware that in that institution to-day there is one person at least suffering from the worst type of disease known. Does this patient not take the baths, the water from which, as was stated by Mr. Wilson, finds its way to the watering place of cattle, some of which supply the milk sold in the city and given to our little ones to drink? Is not this highly dangerous? Cannot the water used in the bath by a badly diseased person carry that person's disease? Mr. Smith also states that the sole object of Mr. Jenns' letters has been to harrass the directors and give to the public a feeling of uneasiness. As the present system of drainage, or rather want of drainage, has been so thoroughly exposed, is it any wonder that the directors should be harrassed by the public, whose institution the hospital is regarded as? and whose money builds and maintains it? It is a certainty to the majority of the citizens that the open criticism of matters needing remedy cannot but do good. Has not the work of providing a remedy for these improperly constructed drains been very materially hastened by the letters so much abused by Mr. Smith? F. B.

Victoria, Nov. 29, '90.

THE CUT IN COAL.

TO THE EDITOR:—The Nanaimo Free Press contains the following article:

"We understand that the agent for the Wellington Company, at the capital, has attempted to justify the cut in prices, initiated by them, on the ground that the New V. C. company sell their Nanaimo coal at $1 per ton below the current rates for Wellington coal. It has been understood for the last three or four years that this difference of $1 per ton should rule, and no complaint has been made. The New V. C. company are merely continuing the practice so that there must be some other reason for the movement, however, on the part of the Wellington operators. It is now necessary that another cut be made by the New V. C. company and their present price may be reduced from $6½ to $6. Should the Wellington owners again reduce their price, the New V. C. company will of course again meet the cut. So it appears at present as if the Victoria consumers are likely to have very light coal bills this winter."

Permit me to state, as one who handles the product of the Wellington Collieries, that there is no agent for these mines in the city. We simply buy the coal and sell it as a marketable article. The proprietors of the Wellington Mines had nothing to do with the cut. It was caused by the agent of the Vancouver Coal Co. advertising coal a half a dollar less than other dealers, and through his agents obtaining an important contract, defeating in competition those who buy direct from the New Vancouver Coal Co., as well as those who get their coal from the Wellington Collieries—rather a perplexing way of doing business. We confess we are at a loss to understand why the management of the N. V. Coal Co. should wish their agent to sell their coal a dollar less than other dealers if it is, as they claim, equal to Wellington coal.

W. WALKER.

Winter Sports.

THE gay winter season exposes many to attacks of colds, coughs, hoarseness, tightness of the chest, asthma, bronchitis, etc., which require a reliable remedy like Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam for their relief and cure. Known as reliable for over thirty years. The best cough cure.

FIDDLED HIS WAY.

How a Census Agent Obtained Some Valuable Information.

The following, says the Washington Star, is an extract from a letter received from a special agent of the United States census detailed to get data for the fish and fisheries of South Carolina:

"I must tell you how I worked B——. I got there late on Friday evening and found everybody mum as an oyster. I was in despair until at last I heard a man playing a fiddle in one of the stores. I went in at once, and after loafing around awhile asked to see the fiddle. When I got it I drew the bow over the strings, said it was a good one and handed it back; but they saw I could play and insisted I should try, so I took off my coat and sailed in. From that moment my stock went up. In an hour I had half the folks in town in the store, the proprietor was doing a rushing business and so was I. I finally put down the fiddle and addressed the crowd, told them my business and said that though I was willing to play for them I must attend to my work first, and invited all who were engaged in fishing to walk up and sign the pledge. Nothing was too good for me. They wanted to fill me up on beer, and I had more cigars than I could smoke. They refused to let me set 'em up a single time, and when I wanted to leave town they begged me to stay, or, if I would go, to come back and locate. They hunted up all the men I wanted and brought them to me or took me to them in a buggy. I was treated like a prince. One poor devil (colored) refused to answer my questions, and one of my enthusiastic assistants cracked him on the head with a beer bottle so that he had to be carried from the field in a disabled condition.

"Well, I had a time, but I got everybody there was to get."

A REGULAR CRUSHER.

An Inebriated Passenger Settles the Teller of a Fish Story.

"One of the brightest things I ever heard a drunken man say," remarked a Bangor gentleman to a News reporter, "occurred on the train as I was coming down from Portland. The fellow was in that peculiarly talkative state when he felt he must converse with everybody and continuously. All kept clear of him as long as possible, but finally the train got so well filled that a gentleman was forced to take the seat which had remained vacant in front of the intoxicated man. At once the fellow began:

"'Shay, Mister, did you ever go fishing?' 'Yes, of course I have,' came the gruff response.

"'Shay, I bet I've caught more fish'n you ever did,' pursued the man. 'Don't doubt it,' replied the stranger in a tone meant to stop the conversation.

"'I'll bet five dollars I've caught a bigger fish'n you ever did,' persisted the loquacious bacchanal. 'Well, I don't care to talk if you have,' said the victim, as he shifted in his seat to show the drunken man that the conversation was ended. But the inebriate didn't see it in that light.

"'Shay,' he persisted, leaning over the back of the seat and placing one hand confidently on the shoulder of his unwilling companion. 'Shay, how big a fish did you ev' catch?' 'Why,' replied the man, in a frantic attempt to silence his persecuted, 'I caught the mammoth cod on the steamer Empire State last summer, forty-three pounds.' 'Huh,' came the response, in a disgusted tone, as the drunken man leaned back in his seat as if pitying the weak effort of his companion. 'I've used larger bait than that.' The laugh which went up from the passengers in that vicinity, who had been closely following the conversation, struck the intoxicated man as quite appropriate, and he remained silent for some five minutes, gazing in contempt upon his crushed victim.'"

Bessie Criswell's Heroism.

An extraordinary case of heroism is narrated in the Philadelphia Press. Bessie Criswell, aged fourteen, living three miles from Dauphin, was about to prepare supper last Wednesday when she found the fire in the cook stove very low. She poured coal oil on the kindling wood. It ignited, the can exploded and the burning oil set fire to her clothing and to the house. The girl ran to the spring-house twice while her clothes were blazing, secured a pail of water each time and put out the fire in the house. A third time she went to the spring and dipped her head and neck in the water. Then she ran to a small stream and threw herself in. Having extinguished the flames, she went to her mother, who was milking, and reported the matter. She was fatally burned, however, and died the next day. She sacrificed herself to save her home.

Fifteen Hundred Dollars

Is the value of the fifty cash and other prizes, to be drawn for the day after Xmas next at Russell, McDonald & Co., opposite the Iron church, Douglas street. 6t

Canadian Copyright Novels.

Alas! by Rhoda Broughton; Lady Maude's Mania, by Manville Fenn; The World's Desire, by Rider Haggard, for sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

The Union Pacific Railway

Is selling excursion tickets good for six months from date of sale, with choice of routes as follows:

Chicago and return	$100.00
St. Louis and return	92.00
Omaha, Kansas City, St. Paul and return	80.00
Denver and return	70.00
New York and return	136.00
New Orleans and return	92.00

For tickets or information call on
MORRIS J. BISSELL,
cod 100 Government St.

Xmas Numbers Sporting and Dramatic and Ladies' Pictorial for sale by T. N. Hibben & Co.

Grand assortment of jewellery, suitable for presents, at 91 Douglas street.

Calling! Calling!

Visiting cards engraved at low rates at THE COLONIST office.

The neatest and latest designs in ball programmes, tassels, etc., at THE COLONIST office.

DRUMS! DRUMS! DRUMS!
GUNS! GUNS! GUNS!

Express wagons, all kinds; Wheel-barrows. Rocking Horses; Dolls—China Limbed, Dolls--Kid Body, Stone Heads; Dolls--Rag Head and Bodies, all sizes. Dolls--170 doz Dolls from one cent to $10.00 each. The largest stock of Toys and Xmas Fancy Goods ever seen in British Columbia.

RUSSELL, McDONALD & CO.
Opposite the Iron Church, Douglas St.
oc30

J. C. DEVLIN,
Real Estate and General Agent,
76 YATES STREET.
LANDS, HOUSES,
Tramway and Mining Shares
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
New Westminster Gas Works Stock Cheap.

Two Lots fronting on Beacon Hill Park, $2,600 the two.
Five-Roomed Cottage and two Lots, $2,900, half cash.
Two Lots, Rithet street, $800 each.
Two Lots, Beacon Hill, $900 each.
Two Lots facing Goodacre Lake.
Two Lots, Pandora street.

The Patronage of Buyers and Sellers Solicited.
no15

The Portland Stables
90 Johnson St. Telephone 124
Having opened a thoroughly equipped
HACK AND BOARDING STABLE
At 90 Johnson Street,
GRIMM'S BUILDING
We are now prepared to supply the public with
First-Class Horses and Stylish CONVEYANCES
—AT A MOMENT'S NOTICE—
Boarders at reasonable rates.
None but careful and competent drivers employed.
E. MARSTON & BROS.
no19

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.
Just Received Ex S. S. Abyssinia.
1,000 Choice Lily Bulbs, many varieties; 600 Very Choice Plants, Shrubs and Trees.
Consisting of Pyrus, Maple and Chrysanthemium Plants, Peony Roots, Sago Palms, Rare Camelias and Chesnut and Persimmon Trees, Etc., Etc., Etc.
We have never before imported such a choice selection of Japan Horticultural Specimens.
PLEASE INSPECT EARLY.
MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.,
41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA. fe11

FURS, ROBES.
Bear, Lynx, Mountain Goat, Marmozet, Buffalo Robes, and Robes of all kinds and descriptions to be seen at
KIRSCHBERG & LANDSBERG'S,
57 JOHNSON STREET,
Headquarters for Indian Curios
GUNS AND AMMUNITION.
dec7-1yr

Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.
Advice to Invalids—If you wish to obtain relief from pain and anguish, to calm and quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating system of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.
CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.
CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.
CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.
CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, etc.
Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians that he had received a despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Manilla, to the effect that Cholera had been raging fearfully, and that the ONLY remedy of any service was CHLORODYNE — See "Lancet," December 31, 1864.
CAUTION. — Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood stated that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.
Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Caution—Beware of Piracy and Imitations.
Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell-square, Bloomsbury, London.
mc20-6ms-law

CAUTION.
THE public is hereby cautioned against negotiating three notes drawn by me, for which I will not be responsible, viz:
First one, $500, three months after date, Aug. 25, 1890.
Second one, $567, three months after date, Nov. 25, 1890.
Third one, $198.88, six months after date, Aug. 25, 1890.
Made in favor of George Everton, of Chilliwhack, B. C., and payable at the Bank of B. C., New Westminster, as value has not been received for them.
(Signed) SILAS FADER,
oc9-3m Chilliwhack.

Fur-Lined Cloaks from $15 to $100
Fur Boas and Muffs in Leading Furs
Squirrel Boas, from $5.00 to $15.00
JACKETS AND PALETOTS
Eiderdown Quilts from
$5.90 to $20,00
CHRISTMAS PRESENTS
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Silk Umbrellas in Steel Silver Mounts.
Ladies' Companions and Satchels Combined, Satin-Lined and nicely fitted, from $2.50 to $9.50.
Hand Satchels in endless variety from $1.00 to $7.50
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
The Westside
70 GOVERNMENT ST.,
Victoria, B. C.
Our last Delivery of BLACK SILKS Are exceptional value.
Also a Pretty Line of Black and White Stripes.
Blacks, in Gros Grain, Syrah, Cashmere Oriental, and Pearl Orient Silks
NEW YEAR'S GIFTS
Real Laces,
Handkerchiefs and Sets
In Honiton, Irish and Bavarian Point.
HANDKERCHIEFS
In Linen, Lawn, Silk and Grenadine, White and Colored Embroidered.
ALSO HEM-STITCHED INITIAL HANDKERCHIEFS

VICTORIA NORTH.
(Mount Tolmie and Church Farm Estate.)
Observe this List of Advantages.
VICTORIA NORTH
Has Day School and Church on Property.
VICTORIA NORTH
Has an aggregate of three miles of macadamized roads, graded avenues and sidewalks.
VICTORIA NORTH
Has an abundant supply of pure water.
VICTORIA NORTH
Has a charming situation, and is easy of access.
VICTORIA NORTH
Has an early prospect of the Electric Railway.
VICTORIA NORTH
Has no trees to fell or stumps to grub.
VICTORIA NORTH
Has a superior soil for orchard and market gardening.
VICTORIA NORTH
Has the additional advantage of enterprising resident owners who are determined to make it one of the choicest residential neighborhoods in Victoria District.
For fuller particulars including
Maps, Prices, Terms, Etc.
And a thorough inspection of the property accompanied by the AGENTS apply to
STONE & NORQUAY
Moody Block, Cor. Yates and Broad Sts.

TO INDUCE CASH TRADE
LANGE & CO.
—WILL HAVE—
Another Guessing Match
This year. The gifts given are very elegant and valuable. There will be nine presents.
1st prize—Gent's Gold Watch.
2nd " —Gent's Diamond Ring.
3rd " —Lady's Gold Watch.
4th " —A Silver Tea Set, 4 pieces, engraved.
5th " —A Silver Tea Set, 4 pieces, plain.
6th " —Diamond Scarf Pin.
7th " —Silver Water Pitcher.
8th " —Silver Jewel Case.
9th " —Spoon Holder and ½ dozen teaspoons.
The nearest guess to the number of shot in the bottle now on view in our store will receive 1st prize; second nearest 2nd prize and so on.
One guess will be allowed for every $5 worth of goods purchased.
The shot will be counted by a disinterested committee of three on New Year's day; when the prizes will be awarded. no15tf

Mrs. Le GEYT,
Tailoress and First-Class Button-Hole Maker,
no6tm Rithet Street, James Bay.

LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS.
JUST ARRIVED!
A Large Assortment of Library and Table Lamps in the Popular Bisque finish. Moderate in price. Incomparable in richness of appearance.
UMBRELLA-:-LAMP-:-SHADES
All sizes, in Silk, Lace and Linen. The rage is for these Shades.
FURNITURE! FURNITURE! FURNITURE!
Four carloads of Newest Styles recently and just to hand. Elegant Goods.
JOHN WEILER, 51 TO 55 FORT ST.
dec-22-12m

INSURE AGAINST FIRE
—IN THE—
EASTERN ASSURANCE CO.
The business of FIRE INSURANCE ONLY is carried on by the EASTERN, and the entire
ASSETS, - $1,040,075
ARE NOW AVAILABLE FOR THE PAYMENT OF FIRE LOSSES IN CANADA.
The policy issued is a plain contract containing no ingenious conditions or restrictions.
Being a Home Company, there is no foreign interference with its losses, which are promptly adjusted and paid.
Premiums collected in the Province are invested therein.
GENERAL AGENTS FOR VANCOUVER ISLAND,
CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS
30 BROAD STREET. no1-1m

$7.00 - PANTS - $7.00
—AT—
D. CAMPBELL & CO.'S, - Near the Post Office.

STANLEY HOUSE
DRY GOODS.
COR. BROAD & YATES.
GREAT DRIVE IN GREY FLANNELS
Extra Heavy All-Wool 6 Yds. for $1.00.
Extra Fine " 5 " " 1.00.
30 PIECES Just received Light and Dark, Plain and Twill. These prices for 30 DAYS ONLY
STANLEY HOUSE, Cor. Broad & Yates.
W. S. HAMPSON, - - MANAGER.
se26d&w

NICHOLLES & RENOUF Have just received ex. "Brodick Bay" a large consignment of the celebrated
LLOYD & LLOYD
Gas and Water Tubing. Black and Galvanized. Cor. Broad and Yates St., Victoria, B. C., P. O. Box 86.

AMUSEMENTS.
VICTORIA THEATRE.
Monday and Tuesday, December 1 and 2.
APPEARANCE OF
THE ENIGMA OF THE 19th CENTURY,
LITTLE
MRS. ABBOTT
THE GEORGIA
MAGNETIC MARVEL!
Weighs only 98 pounds, but four men cannot lift her.
Can lift 1,500 pounds without physical or mechanical effort.
Two strong men cannot draw a stick through her hands.
By placing her fingers on their heads she will raise two men from the floor.
Standing upon one foot, it will be impossible for four men to throw her off her balance.
Lifts a whole baseball club at once. Mrs. Abbott, by resting the palms of her mighty hands into those of a 10-year-old boy's hands, transfers the mystic force to him, and two men cannot lift him from the floor.
Challenges the strongest athletes to raise her from the floor.
Many feats equally unexplainable.
Seats at Waitt's. Prices as usual. 28td

GRAND CONCERT
Will be given in the
Gorge Road Methodist Church
By the Choir,
TUESDAY, DECEMBER 2.
Some of the best local talent will take part.
Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. Admission 50 cents. no6

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE.
W. R. CLARKE,
AUCTIONEER.
I am instructed by Mr. William Parry to sell by public auction at his residence on the
GORDON -:- HEAD -:- ROAD
About 4 miles from Town,
On Tuesday, 2nd Dec.
At 1 o'clock p. m.,
Two Horses,
Two Sets Double Harness,
One Sets Single Harness,
A Spring wagon,
Nine Tons of Timothy Hay,
Six Tons of Straw,
Harrows, Plows, Furniture, &c
Mower and Reaper Combined.
Turnip Cutter.
3 Cows. 2 Spring-wagons.
TERMS CASH.
W. R. CLARKE,
no26-d&w Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
W. R. Clarke, Auctioneer.
I have received instructions from Mr. Alexander Wilkes to sell at his residence,
NO. 54 PANDORA ST.,
—ON—
Wednesday Next, December 3rd,
at 11 a.m.,
Furniture, Pictures, Carpets, Mattrasses and Bedding, Stoves, and a complete Photographers' Apparatus.
Terms cash.
W. R. CLARKE,
no27td Auctioneer.

HOLIDAY SALE
We are directed to advertise an
AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Japanese Wares and Art Objects
To arrive per s.s. Sussex, leaving Japan November 13th. This consignment will be sold without reserve, and has been specially selected for this market.
J. P. DAVIES & CO., Auctioneers.
no11tf

C. B. LOCKHART & CO.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS.
Graduates of the United States College of Embalming.
PARLORS -
Corner Broad Street and Trounce Avenue.
TELEPHONE, - 498.
Open all Night.
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FOR : CHINESE : CURIOS
—GO TO—
FOOK YUEN & CO.,
Next door to the Chinese joss house,
46 FISGARD STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
We have just received from China and Japan a large consignment of
Silkware, Dressing Gowns and Jackets, Bronze and Ivoryware, Porcelain Tessets, Cups and Saucers; Satsumaware, Vases, Lacquerware Fire Screens, etc., etc.
Please give us a call before purchasing your Christmas presents, and we will offer you the lowest price and the finest goods in the market.
L. MONG-KOW - - MANAGER
dly29